Decatur Weekly Republican.

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The Weekly Republican.

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3 sqs	3 10	4 50	5 40	6 30	9 30	12 00	17 40
4 sqs	4 80	6 00	6 90	7 80	12 00	16 80	20 00
[illegible]	6 00	7 50	8 50	9 50	15 00	20 00	30 00
[illegible]	8 40	10 50	12 50	14 00	22 00	30 00	40 00
[illegible]	10 80	13 50	16 00	18 00	27 00	38 00	60 00
[illegible]	12 00	17 00	21 00	25 00	35 00	50 00	75 00
[illegible]	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	48 00	60 00	100 00

F. T. CLEMENTS, postmaster at Blue Mound, Illinois, is our authorized agent at that place to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same. Subscribers who receive their papers at that postoffice can learn the amount of their indebtedness by inquiring of Mr. Clements.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

THE farmers don't like jury service at this season of the year.

EX MARSHAL Pringle is a bailiff in the circuit court this term.

The Young Bros.' grocery store is as clean and attractive as a parlor.

THE fall election is looming up, and candidates are getting anxious.

GREEN PEAS are selling at 30 cents for the half peck.

THE cold weather has been a damper on strawberries.

CHERRIES from the sunny South have made their appearance in the market.

IF you have watches, clocks or jewelry to repair take them to W W. Scudder, at No. 8 Merchant street.

IF all the goods sold by the Young Brothers are as choice as the pitted cherries we have sampled, then is their stock simply unsurpassable.

By reference to the card of Dr. Sparks, it will be seen that he has changed his residence—a fact of which his numerous patrons should take notice.

SQUARE DEALING, quick sales, small profits—at Irwin's drug store, west of post office.

FROM the Lovington *Free Press* we learn that Dr. S. Trowbridge, formerly of this city, has opened an office in that town for the practice of dentistry. The doctor's friends here will wish him the largest success in his new field.

IT is to be hoped that work on sidewalks will commence at once, now that a street commissioner has been appointed. In places too numerous to mention the walks are becoming almost impassable, and exceedingly dangerous.

IT is hinted that some of the female teachers in the city schools are to graduate from school-keeping to housekeeping soon after the close of the present term. Such is life.

THE work of putting gravel crossings over the boulevards on South Main street was commenced yesterday. This street, when completed, will be the best in the city.

THERE will be a meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. We understand that the ladies have procured this room for their meetings at present.

THE building of boulevards is receiving a good deal of attention this year, and as one goes about town he sees new ones being started at sundry points. They make an improvement to the front of the grounds in front of which they are laid, and it is to be hoped that the good work will go on until all the streets of the city are flanked by them

THE price of hogs is so low at present that farmers are inclined to get out of the business of raising them. The low price and losses from cholera will render pork raising generally unprofitable this year, and the attention of farmers will be turned in other directions for money-making.—At present fat hogs command only $2.50 to $3.00 per hundred, and our farmers say that there is no money in them at that figure

AS STATED last week the Decatur Grenadiers have been attached to the Fifth Regiment Captain Zeiss, who reported at regimental Headquarters for duty and orders, has received to-day official notice that the Fifth Regiment is invited to participate in the celebration on the 23d, and consequently the Decatur Grenadiers are expected to take part. Whether they will attend or not we do not know.

Mr. W. E. Horne, formerly with Morehouse & Wells, in this city, has bought out a stock of hardware and agricultural implements at Lovington, and left to-day for that town to look after his business there. He does not intend to move his family at present, as he has on his hands here a fine residence property.

Gents' Spring Shoes, at Barber & Baker's. [April 12-dtf

From Monday's Daily

CITIZENS' MEETING.

Decoration Day to be Duly Observed—Military and Firemen Invited to Participate.

In response to a call issued in the daily papers a number of citizens assembled in the grand jury room last evening to take steps preparatory to the proper observance of Decoration Day. The proceedings of the meeting were as follows:

Capt. J. S. Post was called to the chair, and I. D Walker, Esq., appointed secretary.

It was resolved that the inhabitants of Decatur and vicinity, on the 30th day of May, between the hours of two and four o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to the cemetery and, with suitable ceremonies, strew flowers on our soldiers' graves.

On motion Major Frank Hays was appointed marshal of the day.

Rev. S. MacBurney was selected as orator, and Rev. Mr. Inman as chaplin.

Committee on music—D. L. Bunn, G. F. Wessels, J. R. Mosser and Prof. Lutz. Also the Decatur Band be requested to assist in the ceremonies.

It was further resolved that a committee of arrangements be appointed, consisting of J. R. Gorin, E. McNabb, George S. Durfee, with the marshal, and they to have power to appoint all sub-committees.

The following committees of ladies from the different wards were appointed to gather and prepare flowers for the occasion:

1st ward—Mrs. Buck, Mrs. Bishop, Misses Lena Henkle, Ida Hamsher and Adele Shellabarger.

2d ward—Mrs. Chambers, Misses Ida Coltrin, Nellie B. Smith, Delia Murray, Ida Burrows and Flora Usrey.

3rd ward—Mrs. John Adams, Mrs. Sipes, Misses Cora Bonesteel, Laura Lewis and Hattie Brown.

4th ward—Mrs. J. N. Fuller, Mrs. M. K. Hatch, Mrs. Emma Dennis, Misses Maggie Mosser and Mary Harpstrite.

5th ward—Misses Nona Gibson, Rosa Judson, Eliza Perry, Dora Waughop and Mary DeCoursey.

Resolved that the military companies of the city, the firemen as a body, the members of the city council and the several civic organizations be requested to participate in the ceremonies.

It was further resolved that the business men and firms of the city be requested to close their places of business between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock of said day.

It was further resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the daily papers of this city.

J. S. POST, Chairman

I. D. WALKER, Sec'y.

A MAGNIFICENT HOUSE.—Some time since Mr. H. W. Hill bought of Mr. James Millikin a building plat just north of the fine new residence of the latter, fronting on Pine street, with a view to erecting thereon a fine dwelling, as a home for himself and family. The plat purchased has a frontage on Pine street of 402 feet, and is something over 500 feet deep from east to west. Immediately upon the completion of this purchase Mr. Hill set himself to the work of maturing plans for his house, calling to his aid the services of Mr. E. McNabb, contractor and architect, who has now the plans for the house fully matured. The size of the building is 36x48, with a wing for kitchen 18x19 The foundation is to be of hewn stone, and the door and window sills and caps of the same material, the building, of course, being of brick.

The first floor is divided into five rooms, with suitable halls. The parlor is 16x16½ feet, and sitting room 16x18, separated by a hall 8 feet wide, with folding doors, so that the two rooms and the hall may be thrown together when desired. Conveniently situated as to the sitting room is a dining room 14x22 feet, with china closet, and also a family bed room 12½x17 feet, with bath room 5x7. In rear of the dining room is the kitchen, 12x12, with a large pantry.

In the second story are four large sleeping rooms in the main building, each with a large closet, and over the kitchen is another sleeping room for servants.

The house fronts east, on Pine street, and the plan shows a beautiful front elevation

The roof is what is known as a hip roof. The main front is set off by a beautiful verandah, which adds much to the appearance of the structure.

The whole house is to be heated by a furnace in the basement.

Mr. McNabb is the contractor, and is to proceed at once with the work. When finished the house will be one of the finest in the city. The estimated cost is from ten to twelve thousand dollars

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—We ask attention to the call by the Republican central committee of a county convention, to meet at the court house in this city on the 20th of June, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the State convention, which is to take place at Springfield on the 26th of June, and also for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Congressional convention, to be held at Champaign on the 2d of July.—The call shows the ratio of representation, and should be carefully read. The several precincts and townships should attend to the appointment of delegates at an early day.

For the Republican.

THE PEARLS—A FABLE.

A hungry Arab, whom dark chance had placed
Amid the barren limits of a waste,
Saw at his feet, as he was passing by,
An owner-lost and corded package lie
Upon the sands. And thinking kindly fates
Had sent the desert's nourishment, sweet dates,
He raised his face and prayerful heart to heaven
To thank his Allah for the present given.

He bowed him then, and caught with trembling hand
The precious secret from the burnished sand,
And broke the casket's matted robe with speed
To satisfy the famine of his need.
Yet scarce unbound the cherished treasure lies,
He turns away his desolated eyes
And on the ground the cherished gift he hurls.,
For lo! his guerdon was a wreath of pearls.

GERHARDT SCHICK.

Decatur, Ill., May 13th, 1878.

THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF WORKING MEN AND ITS OBJECTS.

Among all the various systems of mutual co-operative societies known to the world, the I. O. W. M. offers the most practical plan for mutual protection and security against the uncertainties of life, by providing a benefit of $2,000 for the widow and orphans of deceased members. The principles and teachings of the order are in keeping with the highest grade of morality and christian belief, commanding respect and admiration from the most intelligent men in the country. The ceremonies of the lodge room are plain, practical and impressive—they are emblematical of the teachings and principles of the order. The I. O. W. M. was founded in 1874, the first lodge having only 17 members. There are now over 125 lodges, with a membership of nearly 5,000; its lodges can be found in Kentucky, Indiana, Tennessee, Missouri, Illinois, Ohio, New York, Michigan, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Iowa, New Jersey, Maryland and Wisconsin. The prominence this beneficiary order has attained is unparalleled in the history of benevolent societies, and is due to the class of men composing its membership. In its lodge rooms can be found the judge, lawyer, merchant, manufacturer, farmer, banker, salesman, book keeper and master mechanic, all united in one common cause—"Mutual aid, Benevolence and Charity."

On last Friday Mr. W. A. Halstead, Supreme Deputy of the United States, visited this city for the purpose of organizing a lodge of the order. He called upon Mr. L. L. Haworth, a prominent member of the Knights of Honor and several other benevolent societies, who introduced Mr. Halstead to a number of our citizens, and on Saturday evening, May 11th, Central Lodge, No, —, I. O. W. M., was instituted, with 21 charter members. The following officers were elected and installed:

D. S. Shellabarger, President.
L. L. Haworth, Vice President
N. L. Krone, R. S.
J. B. Shellabarger, F. S.
Wm Bowers, Treasurer.
Otto E. Curtis, Conductor.
W. H. Close, I. G.
Wm. Towling, O. G.
W. L. Dumont, Chap.
Trustees.—C. A. Conklin, O. B. Gorin, Otto E. Curtis.

The next meeting will be held Saturday evening May 18th, when charter members will be received at $6.00. All good citizens who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity should call upon any of the above officers and make application

COMPLIMENTARY.

At a meeting of the Grenadiers, held at their armory, on Friday evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The success of our entertainment given on May 3, 1878, was due to the assistance of Miss A. L. Andrews, Rev. S. MacBurney, and Messrs. Bunn, Mosser, Wessels, Prescott, Hertel and others; therefore be it

Resolved, That the hearty thanks of this company be and are hereby tendered for their kind efforts; and be it further

Resolved, That to the lady friends of the company, who served the refreshments and assisted in so many ways, we return many thanks; and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the daily papers, and entered on the minutes of the company.

From Monday's Daily

BIRTHDAY SURPRISE.—Last Saturday, May 11th, David Garver, Esq., completed his sixty-ninth year, and the occasion was appropriately observed by his friends, who gave him a surprise party in the evening, at the residence of his son-in-law, A Diehl, No. 3 Mason street. The guests, to the number of about thirty, made their appearance in a body, about eight o'clock, bringing with them a bountiful supply of good things for the inner man, together with numerous handsome and useful presents from Mr. Garver's children and neighbors. The evening was spent in cheerful conversation, music and social games, and at 10 o'clock an elegant supper was spread, to which all did ample justice. The party dispersed about midnight, all wishing Mr. Garver many returns of the happy day. The REPUBLICAN office was remembered with a liberal lot of samples of the good things that were spread before the guests, including four different kinds of choice cake.

FOR spring and farm wagons, go to Hamsher's factory on Mason street.—Ready-made work on hand, and wagons made to order on short notice. Remember that the Hamsher wagon is the best in the market.

THE OFFICE OF SHERIFF.

EDS. REPUBLICAN:—The time seems to have arrived when one is enquiring of another, who are to be the candidates before the public this fall for the various offices within the gift of the people? It is for the best interest of the public that we should look around and see who are the aspirants, and who are the best men for the different positions. But my intention is to speak of only one office, and that is the office of sheriff. As a general thing Macon county has been fortunate in having had good and competent sheriffs; they have not, all of them, however, gone through with the term of their office and come out financially as well off as when they commenced, and that, too, when the pay of the office was worth nearly as much again as it is now; whether this result was owing to the incompetent management of themselves or their assistants in the office, is not my purpose to discuss. As I look back over the list of former sheriffs I see the name of no one who I think has managed the affairs of his office with the exercise of better judgment and greater discretion, and with a more prompt and efficient discharge of all his duties, and in a more delicate manner, and more acceptable to the general public, than has the present incumbent, Martin Forstmyer, the honest Dutchman. And now, that he has managed the affairs of the sheriff's office so well, and with such an honest zeal for the interest of all parties, whose business was entrusted to his care, and especially to the interest of the county at large, can we do better than to entrust the same office to him another term, and especially, as it has always been customary, and I think very properly so, too, that when an officer has discharged the duties of his office for his first term with general satisfaction and become familiar with the duties of the office, to continue him therein at least a second term. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Christian Temperance Union.

The semi-annual meeting of the Macon county C. T. U. was held at the hall of the Decatur Reform Club, Monday, May 13th, 1878.

Meeting called to order by the president, W. T. Moffett, Esq., at 1½ P. M.

After prayer by Rev. W. S. Crissey, on motion of Wm. Martin it was resolved to pass over the order of business providing for the election of officers.

On motion of Joshua Green the by-laws were amended so as to read: "Each Local Alliance shall be represented in the County Union by three delegates and an additional one for each ten over fifty"—and the secretary was ordered to notify all the Alliances in the county of the change.

J. W. Paine, Jr., handed in his report as corresponding secretary, which was received and placed on file.

Adjourned to meet at 1 P. M., Monday, August 5, 1878, to elect delegates to the State Convention.

W. T. MOFFETT, Pres't.

GEO. CONNARD, Sec.

A Pardonable Pride

Prompts most people to delay, by any laudable means that science affords, the evidences of physical decay. Who that is in perfect health would not match the bright eye, the active mind, and other appearances of youthful vigor, with the luxuriance, the rich color and beauty of youthful hair? Parker's Hair Balsam stands pre-eminent as an elegant hair dressing, and by its healthful action on the roots not only promotes a luxuriant growth of the young hair, but unfailingly restores gray or faded hair to the original youthful color, giving a soft, rich and lustrous appearance of great beauty. No other preparation so effectually removes Dandruff or stops falling of the hair; its cooling and healing action entirely curing itching and humors of the scalp, and keeping the skin clean, white and healthy. It is perfectly harmless, exquisitely perfumed, and contains nothing that will soil the skin or gum the hair. Buy a bottle from your druggist W. C. Armstrong, and test its merits.

STATE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—On Tuesday next, May 21st, the Illinois State Sunday School Convention opens in this city, to continue until Thursday evening. The committees appointed to provide places of entertainment for the delegates are busy at work among the people. The prospect is that there will be a large attendance, and the committees are desirous to have a generous response from those to whom they make application.

From Wednesday's Daily.

CLIPPER CAUGHT.—This forenoon Sheriff Forstmyer received the following despatch:

ALTON, ILL., May 15—11 A. M

MARTIN FORSTMYER, Sheriff: I have Frank Clipper. Come and get him.

(Signed) CITY MARSHAL.

In response to the above the sheriff left for Alton at once, and will doubtless return with his man to-morrow. Clipper will be here just in time for trial at this term of court

MARRIED.

On the evening of Wednesday, May 15, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. George Landgraf, of this city, MR. FRED MILLER, of Boody, and MISS AMELIA WISE, daughter of Mr. George Wise, of Wheatland township.

The newly-married couple left by the 10:40 train of Wednesday night for Cincinnati, where they will remain for a few days, after which they will return to Boody, their future home, where Mr. Miller is doing a thriving business in the manufacture and sale of boots and shoes.

CIRCUIT COURT.

May Term, A. D. 1878.

MONDAY, MAY 13.

The Macon County Circuit Court commenced its May term this morning at nine o'clock, Judge W. E. Nelson presiding. Awaiting the arrival of grand and petit jurors, the docket was called and cases were acted upon as follows:

Sarah J. Magaw vs. James Fombell; trespass. Continued for want of service.

Frederick N. Hamlin et al., use of etc., vs. A. T. Hill, defendant. Continued by agreement.

Louisa M. Cassell vs. S. G. Malone; assumpsit. Stricken from docket.

David L. Foster vs. the Paris & Decatur R'y Co. and the I. M. R'y Co.; assumpsit. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Alex. W. Bell vs. same. Same order.

Garr, Scott & Co. vs. Abner B. Bacon, et al.; assumpsit. Stricken from docket.

Marcellus Barker vs. Henry A. Thomas; trespass. Dismissed by plaintiff.

John P. Faris vs. Robert Wilson, appellant. Dismissed by plaintiff.

J. R. Race & Co. vs. Perry L. Van Cleve et al.; assumpsit. Same order.

Same vs. Victor Thompson; trespass. Same order.

Charles C. Lewis vs. Wm. H. Burnett; trespass. Dismissed as per agreement.

W. H. Burnett vs. Chas. C. Lewis; appellant. Same order.

Robert L. Perry vs. Francis Wicks, et al. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Wm. F. Renshaw vs. John Renshaw; assumpsit. Same order.

Jane Goodrich vs. Daniel Brenneman; trespass on the case. Continued for service.

Calvin Walkins vs. Joseph Troutman; trespass. Continued for service.

Court then took a recess until eleven o'clock, at which time the list of petit jurors was called and the court heard excuses from those who desired to be excused. The list of grand jurors was then called, and the Judge said that upon a careful examination of the law he was satisfied that he could not legally excuse persons from serving on the grand jury. Isaac P. Peck, Esq., of Harristown, was appointed foreman, when court adjourned to 1 o'clock.

Upon the reassembling of court Judge Nelson proceeded to deliver an able charge to the jury, at the conclusion of which they retired to their room.

MONDAY, MAY 14—AFTERNOON.

Court convened at 1 o'clock, and after the charge to the grand jury, as reported yesterday, the case of S. S. Jack vs. G. F. Kimball, appellant, was called and trial by jury was commenced, pending which court adjourned to 8 o'clock Tuesday morning.

TUESDAY, MAY 14.

Court convened at 8½ o'clock and acted upon cases as follows:

Jas. D. Tait vs. Elizabeth Wood, sci fa. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Daniel G. Shultz vs. Samuel C. Shultz; assumpsit. Dismissed by plaintiff.

J. Millikin & Co. vs. Harrison M. Taggart; assumpsit. Default taken. Court assessed damages $328.13.

Bridget Quinn vs. Lewis Farner et al.; trespass. Case dismissed as to defendants McGintry and Houston.

The case of Jack vs. Kimball resumed, pending which adjourned to 1 o'clock p. m.

TTESDAY, MAY 14.

Court convened at one o'clock and acted upon cases as follows:

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Andrew Shoemaker vs. John A. Biddle, et al.; chancery. Bill dismissed as to Lucy Eichinger; rule on defendants to answer by second Monday.

James V. Brown et al. vs. Winfield J. O'Conner et al.; partition. Thomas Lee appointed guardian *ad litem* for minor heirs.

George Elliott vs. Jas. A. Barrett et al.; chancery. Proof of publication made.

The case of S. S. Jack vs. G. F. Kimball was resumed and concluded; verdict, issues for the plaintiff damages, $151.33.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

Court convened at 8 o'clock and acted upon cases as follows:

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Susan A. Miller vs. Wm. Miller; divorce. Proof of publication made.

S. A. Bonesteel vs. Robert N. Mills, et al.; foreclosure. Dismissed by complainant.

Wm. Bachman and Eliza Bachman vs. unknown heirs of V. Schoeffel, deceased; chancery. Proof of publication made.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Rucker, Hammer & Co. vs. R. L. Morse and Joseph C. Tucker; appellants. The bankruptcy of plaintiffs suggested, and B. O. McReynolds, assignee, made party.

Wm. H. Davis vs. John C. Mark et al.; assumpsit. Default taken. Court assessed damages $471.78.

John W. Wyman vs. Wm. C. Hopkins, et al.; assumpsit. Default taken.

S. S. Jack vs. G. F. Kimball, appellant. Trial by jury, pending which court adjourned to 1 o'clock.

A SUGGESTION.—The ditch petitioned for at the last meeting of the council, which has Edward street for its starting point, should start as far east as Water street; at any rate so it is claimed by all the people living north of the railroad and east of Edward street. Commencing at Edward street would benefit only about one-tenth part of the people who should have the advantage of the ditch.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

As Filed from May 1st to May 13, 1878.

(Furnished by Warren & Durfee, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.)

May 1, '78; John N. Fuller to Edwin F Brown, warranty $600, lot 1, block 6, North addition.

April 27, '78; Charles A. Tuttle to Geo. S. Lyon, William Gipson and John Armstrong, warranty $2,000, lots 1 and 2, blk 1, Read & Co.'s addition.

April 26, '75; Berry H. Cassell to Chas. W. Greaves, warranty $333, lot 12, block 6, B. H. Cassell's 1st addition.

May 1, '78; John C. Jones to Ruth A Culver, warranty $650, lot 4, block 5, B H. Cassell's 4th addition.

April 17, '78; Asa Gulick and Louisa and John F. Craig to Mary A. Turney, warranty $450, 17 49-100 acres in the nw qr of sec. 9, town 16, range 2 east.

Oct. 6, '77; Richard J. Oglesby to Henry M. Palen, warranty $350, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 23, Carver's addition.

April 27, '78; Wm. Nugent to Valentine Snyder and John M. Friedley, warranty $523.25, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 32, Railroad addition to Macon.

April 1, '78; James Rogers to Eleanor Rogers, warranty $1000, 34 35-100 acres in the se qr of sec. 9, town 14, range 3 east.

April 27, '78; Emily H. Bowles to Jacob Waltz, warranty $250, south half, north half, ne qr sw qr of sec. 19, town 15, range 1 east.

May 1, '78; Catherine and Benedict McGorray to Edward Grubel, warranty $200, 50 feet off of the north side of lot 8, block 1, Sangamon addition.

May 4, '78; Isaac Fredregill to Richard H. Park and Samuel S. Jack, warranty $3,000, lot 3, in the ne qr of sec. 19, town 18, range 4 east.

Nov. 28, '71; Joseph H. Axton to Madison M. Thomas, warranty $800, lot 21, and south half lot 20, in the west half sw qr of sec. 2, town 18, range 2 east.

April 13, '78; Joshua E. Hanks to James R. Patterson, quit claim $790, west half nw qr sw qr of sec. 15, town 16, range 1 east.

Nov 17, '77; Armstead Wilson to Thos. Davis, warranty $800, lot 3, block 7, Railroad addition to Macon.

April 20, '78; Samuel B Crissey to Truman S. Crissey, warranty $1000, lot 4, block 8, Western addition.

Feb. 1, '68; William W. Day to Jacob H. Bear, warranty $700, ne qr se qr of sec 16, town 14, range 1 east.

Feb. 26, '59; Wm. Davis to Thos. Davis and Philo Buckingham, warranty $400, se qr ne qr and sw qr ne qr and ne qr se qr and nw qr se qr of sec. 14, and undivided one-half of sw qr se qr of sec. 4—all in town 15, range 3 east.

April 19, '61; Nathaniel M. Brown to Wm. H. Mitchell, warranty $700, 1 acre in the nw qr of sec. 15, town 16, range 2 east.

May 11, '78; Wm. Bachman to Louisa Winfield S. and Sam'l S. Miller, warranty $1200, same tract.

May 4, '78; Nellie H. Alexander to John R. Miller, warranty $225, und. ½ of lots 3 and 4, block 5, Prather, Martin & Galling's addition.

THE SOLDIERS' RE-UNION.

The occasion of the removing of war relics from the State Arsenal to the place prepared for them in the new State House, promises to be an affair of considerable importance. The following paragraph in relation to the matter, which we clip from the Springfield *Journal*, indicates a deep interest in the affair on the part of the ladies of Springfield, who are preparing a "camp-fire lunch" for the visiting veterans. The article also indicates what is being done in the line of obtaining reduced rates of fare on the different roads. We understand that the Guards, at their meeting last night, voted to attend, and it is also expected that the Grenadiers will also go down there:

The ladies who are canvassing in behalf of the camp fire lunch for the visiting veterans at the Soldiers' Re-union on the 23d, report even more than anticipated success. Our citizens are, we are pleased to learn, contributing generously.

A project is on foot to obtain from the Secretary of War permission for the famous St. Louis Arsenal Band to come up here on the 23d, as they did upon the occasion of the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee.

Lieut. R. H. Constant, of Barclay, one of the survivors of the Black Hawk war, urgently invites his comrades in that war (of whom he knows of but three in this county) to meet here at the headquarters designated, on the 23d, and take part in the ceremonies of the day. Half fare rates to those taking part in the reunion, or visiting Springfield on that day, have been secured on the Wabash, the Springfield & Northwestern, the P., L. & D., and the St. Louis & Southeastern, and reduction is also expected to be obtained on all roads connecting with those centering here The prospect is good for a large attendance on the 23d.

DEATH OF JUDGE GORIN.

The following notice records the death of the youngest brother of J. R. Gorin, Esq., of this city. He has several times visited his brother here, and will be remembered by several of our citizens who formed his acquaintance on the occasion of his visits here:

Judge John D. Gorin, formerly a resident of Pioche, died at Tuscarora on the 27th ultimo, of pneumonia. Judge Gorin was born at Vandalia, Illinois, and was District Judge of Lincoln county in 1870, having succeeded to that position on the death of Judge Leek. He leaves a wife and several children. Claude, the oldest boy, is with Wells, Fargo & Co. in Virginia City; also a daughter residing there, married to Geo. E. Scammon. The widow and remaining children reside in Pioche

Don't ruin your health and make yourself disagreeable to other people by your continual coughing. A 25 cent bottle of Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup will cure you. Sold by all druggists.

May 15—d&w1w

To Bee-keepers.—I can furnish you good hives with movable frames, complete, for $1.00; extra nice ones for $1.50.

E. A. GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill.

may8-d&w2|

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1878.

THE whisky frauds at Cincinnati do not seem to have reached the enormity in amount that was anticipated when they were first discovered.

THE Champaign *Union* says that the friends of Col. George Scroggs have determined to present his name to the Republican Convention in the Champaign District, as candidate for Representative in the General Assembly.

STANLEY MATTHEWS positively declines to be a candidate for Congress in Cincinnati, and ex-Gov. Thos. L. Young will therefore be the Republican candidate against Banning.

A SECRET session of the senate was held yesterday, to consider the distribution of Mexican awards. The holding of a secret session of the senate, except for executive purposes, is quite an unusual thing.

THE Cleveland special of the *Inter-Ocean* says that Col. and Mrs. W. H. Harris (formerly of this city) entertained at a dinner party on Thursday, General Sherman, Secretary Sherman, Gen. Van Vliet, and other military and official celebrities who were in attendance at the Cameron-Sherman wedding.

GOV. HAMPTON, of South Carolina, is credited with saying that there shall be an honest and fair election in that State next fall, no matter who goes to Congress. If Hampton sticks to that, South Carolina will do her share towards making the next House Republican, and he will be regarded as an enemy to Democratic principles.

THE National Greenback Labor Party" is what they call it in Pennsylvania. The joke of it is that the party is made up of men who hate nothing so much as genuine labor, and who never were known to work in any field except that which promised a political crop. It is a curious fact that the fellows who are loudest in their howlings about labor are the ones who have for years been exhausting their physical energies in the arduous work of holding down dry goods boxes.

THE members of the Board of Education of Davenport Iowa, have been arrested under a statute of the State which provides penalties for neglecting or violating public duties. A new school house was to be built, bids for the construction of which were opened on Tuesday, and the contract awarded to the bidder who was not the lowest. The party who made the lowest bid begins the proceedings. The trial will be an interesting one, as it is the first of the kind that has ever arisen in that State.

THE municipal elections in Indiana, on Tuesday, showed results exceedingly favorable to the Republicans, who carried Lafayette, Anderson, Greencastle, Greenfield, Greensburg, Lebanon, Frankfort, Franklin, Rensselaer, Portland and Marion. The Democrats carried Fort Wayne, Laporte, Logansport, Kokomo, Madison, Connersville, Brazil, and Jeffersonville. The Nationals carried Terre Haute and New Albany—the first named in the heaviest vote ever polled.—There were mixed results in Peru and Shelbyville.

THE Vicksburg *Herald* (Dem.) argues that President Hayes is necessarily the friend of the South, because he has secured the enmity of the extreme radicals, and it adds. "Talk about unseating the ruler of 40,000,000 of people is folly, but the work is vast. Mr. Hayes was declared President by Congress, he was duly inaugurated, and he will stick. The South could only injure herself by attempting a crusade of howling against him and we are glad to see that the vast majority of our people are not the least moved to do so."

THE much advertised Cameron-Sherman wedding occurs at Cleveland to-day. The bridegroom, Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, is a healthy widower of about 48 or 50, while the bride, Miss Lizzie Sherman, is only 19 years old. By her marriage she will become the step-mother of six children, the eldest of whom is a young lady aged 21. The wedding has called to Cleveland many well-known people, among them the two uncles of the bride, Secretary John Sherman and Gen. W. T. Sherman. The father of the bridegroom, ex-Senator Simon Cameron, was prevented from attending by ill health and infirmity.

GROWING PICKETS.

The following is rather hard to believe, but the Bloomington *Leader* vouches for its truth, and readers can accept it if they want to:

On West South Grove street in this city, a large willow tree grows close to the line of a fence. The tree was notched slightly to permit the passage of the fence, which is constructed of square pickets. It seems almost incredible, but those pickets which fit into the willow have drawn new life from the trunk, and sap has begun to flow through them. It was first noticed by the owner of the property this spring, and many persons have examined the wonderful phenomenon. The pickets have grown slightly longer than their mates, and their surface is becoming rough, like the trunk of the willow. It is a well known fact that green posts set into the scarified body of the willow will regain life and throw out willow shoots, but such a freak as this is, as we believe, entirely unheard of.

THE Ohio Legislature is in labor over a proposition to redistrict the state for members of Congress. The Democrats having a majority in that body, are anxious to so gerrymander the districts as to increase the number of Democratic representatives in Congress. But they can't agree among themselves, aspirants for seats in Congress in different parts of the state being jealous of each other. Consequently there is a split, which threatens to defeat the redistricting movement entirely. On Thursday night the Democratic members of the Legislature held caucuses upon the subject. In the Senate caucus, the redistricting proposition was defeated, but in the House caucus it was unanimously adopted, and a committee was authorized to prepare the necessary bill.

ONE HALF of the the Government bonds which the Syndicate of Bankers contracted in April to take before the close of the year have been called for, and the remainder will probably be taken long before the first of July. An exchange suggests that Congress hold extra sessions for debate to allow all speeches against resumption to be made before it is accomplished.

NAPANOCH, the New York correspondent of the Chicago *Evening Journal*, writes that paper concerning the business revival as follows: "At no time since the panic of 1873 have our New York business men been so confident that hard-pan has been reached as they now are. Mr. Sherman's remarkable success in placing his Government bonds has imparted a confidence and hope which are apparent in every branch of trade. New Yorkers who have not smiled for five years now look cheerful, and talk most hopefully of the future. If a largely-increased volume of business is not done here during the next eight months, present anticipations will be decidedly disappointed. The present outlook is most reassuring."

BLOOMINGTON has a paper called *The Eye*. Now it will be in order for some one to start a journal, and call it the *Ear*, the *Chin*, the *Leg*, or the *Toe*.—*Decatur Sun*.

If it is called the *Ear*, we trust it will be kept a little cleaner than the *Sun*; if the *Chin*, that it will be more pointed; if the *Leg*, that it will be fatter; and if the *Toe*, that it may never know a corn. If the *Sun* had been named the *Tub*, and kept up-side down, it would more appropriately represent the illumination of that so-called publication.—*Bloomington Eye*.

SENATOR CAMERON, of Wisconson, in his article in the *North American Review*, makes the point that under Democratic rule in Mississippi and other Southern States taxes were made to discriminate against labor and in favor of the wealthy classes. Land was taxed at 10 cents an acre as the maximum, while the owner was made sole judge of the value of the land. In other words, the land-owner fixed his own tax. On land that sold for $50,000 Colonel J. E. Davis paid a tax of $141.14. On the other hand, instances are given of a stable keeper who paid into the treasury for one year $671.03, in Vicksburg; of a butcher who paid $243.70; of a shoemaker who paid $75.38; of a barber who paid $107.63; of a drayman who paid $33.82. The party that enacted such laws is certainly not the friend of the workingmen, and cannot safely be trusted to legislate for their protection.

CHARLES O'CONOR is still a living monument of the fallibility of the opinion of doctors of medicine, and it is said that they have never quite forgiven him for thoroughly recovering two or three years ago from a complication of diseses which they solemnly declared (the ablest of them agreeing on this point) must of necessity prove fatal. Respect for the medical profession should have prompted him to withdraw from the world permanently, and his stubborness in continuing to live, in the face of the most learned diagnoses, has naturally incured their displeasure. And yet, now, at 74, he is as healthy and vigorous as he has been for eight or ten years, and bids fair to be an octogenarian at least.—*New York Times*.

GOOD SENSE.

Cincinnati has shown considerable good sense in requiring that ladies shall remove their hats and bonnets during the performances of the approaching musical Festival. Should the practical fashion thus set by compulsion, survive the occasion which initiates it, mankind as well as womankind, will thank Cincinnati and remember her triennial music with gratitude. For of all the devices which the French *demi-monde* has contrived to make the feminine form odiously conspicuous—robbing a woman's head of its shapliness, while artificially elevating her stature to a fantastic height, by the aid of pyramids of ribbons, and mountains of feathers and hills of flowers, with birds and buckles and *bijouterie* to produce a Pelion of effect upon an Ossa of material—the bonnet of the period is the most detestable, ungraceful, unbecoming and altogether intolerable. There is no good reason why women should carry such bizarre compositions at any time or under any circumstances; and there is every reason why they should not wear them at lectures or concerts, when they obstruct the view and distract the attention of the more civilized and refined portion of an audience. The rule ought to become general throughout enlightened communities that no person shall have the privilege of attiring himself or herself in a manner calculated to interfere with the enjoyment of others.

AN ASTONISHING FACT.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day suffering from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower, your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

ONE of the noteworthy features of the meeting of prominent Republicans in Chicago last week, that interests us of the fourteenth district, was the high opinion universally expressed for Hon. J. G. Cannon, our member of Congress. This came from men in all parts of the state. We are fully of the opinion that it is deserved, for no member of Congress has given a more diligent and faithful service, or more zealously represented the interests of his constituents than Mr. Cannon. To put some other man into his place at the present time would be a grave mistake, which we feel assured the Republicans of the district will not do.—*Mattoon Gazette*.

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

That dry, hacking cough is the herald of approaching consumption. To check the swift progress of the destroyer, prompt and decisive measures must be resorted to. A dose of Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound, taken when the coughing spells come on, will afford immediate relief, and eventually effect a thorough cure. It will be found equally beneficial in all forms of throat and lung disorders. In cases of croup it is of inestimable value. Call at the drug store of Dr. A. J. Stoner and inquire about it; he will furnish you with a trial size bottle for ten cents. Large sizes 50 cents and One Dollar.

Also agent for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which never fails. Pleasant to take and requires no physic. Price 25 cents.

May 1-1m d&w.

THE Peoria (Ill.) *Transcript* has found a big hole in the Chicago *Tribune's* free-trade coat, and runs its arm through it in this fashion:

Here is the Chicago *Tribune* which says that the tariff on imported salt induces American butter-makers to use American salt, and thereby the value of the butter made is reduced 3 cents per pound. As the difference in price between American salt and the foreign article is, according to the *Tribune's* own figures, less than 1 cent per pound, it certainly looks as if American dairymen would have sense enough to use the foreign article, if by so doing they could make their butter so much more valuable.

WHY THE HAIR FALLS OUT,

AND HOW TO RESTORE ITS STRENGTH AND COLOR. Each hair is secreted by a little vesicle or gland, the latter being nourished by a small blood-vessel. As long as these blood-vessels furnish sufficient encouragement the hair will continue to grow; but if from disease or other cause they become torpid or obstructed, the hair will necessarily become dry and fall off. It is here the wonderful virtues of "London Hair-Color Restorer" are manifested, as its tonic properties excite these hair follicles to increased activity and completely restore the scalp to a healthy condition, and a fine growth of hair in its natural youthful color is sure to be the result. Apart from its tonic and coloring qualities, "London Hair-Color Restorer" is the most cleanly and lasting of all hair dressings, making it indispensable on the toilet of every lady and gentleman. Sold at 75 cents a bottle by all leading druggists.

April 27—dcod w1y.

"JAY CHARLTON" writes to the Danbury *News* on the Beecher-Tilton affair, and says: "Never once has the word 'shame' entered into this controversy. Ragged edges, saw edges, uplifted palms, moonlight snows, tears so wet that you might have washed all this linen in a forenoon, knees to get down on, humiliations of as many grades as smuggled sugar, hearts that ache, and pure social kisses of regulation size—of these there were plenty. But in all this horrid affair the word 'shame' has, somehow, been altogether forgotten."

"ITCHING PILES."

"I WAS A GREAT SUFFERER from Itching Piles, the itching at times was almost intolerable, particularly at night, when undressing, or after getting warm in bed. I tried prescriptions almost innumerable without finding any permanent relief, until I used 'Swayne's All-healing Ointment,' which has made a perfect cure."—Joseph W. Christ, (firm of Roedel & Christ) boot and shoe house, 344 North Second street, Philadelphia. Reader, if you are suffering with this distressing complaint, or any scaly, crusty skin disease, tetter, &c., use "Swayne's Ointment" and be cured. Fifty cents a box. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. All leading druggists sell it. "Dr. Swayne's Medicines have a world-wide reputation." [apr22dlyeod

Great Bargains

—IN—

REAL ESTATE!

Farm Property, 1 Business House well located, Business Lots, Fine Residence Lots, and one 10 Acre Lot,

Near the city, and other property. The above property must be sold to wind up the business of W. L. Hammer and J. Q. A. Odor, bankrupts. Call at the store of Roach & McReynold's for price and terms.

R. O. M'REYNOLDS, Assignee.

April 30—d&w1mo

ITALIAN

Queens and Bees

HONEY, MOVABLE COMB HIVES, SECtional Honey Boxes, and all kinds of Apiarian Supplies, at reasonable prices.

E. A. GASTMAN, Decatur, Ill.

arch

BETTER TIMES FOR THE PEOPLE.

New Arrival

—OF—

FRESH GROCERIES!

—AT—

PRATT'S STORE

No. 37 North Church Street.

CALL AND LEARN OUR PRICES.

We mean business, and we are ready for business at all times. Our stock is large, it is carefully selected, it is bought for cash, and the prices at which we sell our Goods are the lowest at which a fair and honest business can be conducted. [mar12-d&w3mo

FARMER'S

DINING HALL!

West Side of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILL.,

Proprietor.

This House, a first-class one, is prepared for travelers and day-boarders. The accommodation is the best, and No. 1. Rooms and Beds will be found.

Meals, 25 Cents.

Oct. 20, 1877—d&wtf

NOTICE

TO CONSUMERS

OF—

LORILLARD

Tobacco

The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all Chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, AUG. 14, 1876.

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Government in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturer's prices.

May 8—d&w3mos

The Tin Tag Smoking Tobacco is "second to none" in aroma, mildness, purity and quality.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of William H. Williamson, *Dec'd.*

Thomas S. Williamson, administrator of the estate of William H. Williamson, deceased, vs. Eliza Williamson, Eleazar Williamson, James A. Williamson, Samuel A. Williamson, Milton E. Williamson, Elizabeth Williamson, Nancy I. Williamson, Angeline A. Williamson, John A. Williamson, Joseph C. Williamson, Mary J. Holman, Martin Saylor, Mary Alice Saylor, Bertha Saylor, Nathan Saylor, Daniel Saylor, Eva Saylor and Rosa Saylor.—Petition to sell real estate to pay debts.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1878, a petition in the above entitled cause was filed in the county court of said Macon county for an order to sell the following described real estate situate in said Macon county, Illinois, to-wit: The undivided half of the north half of the southeast quarter of section eight (8), township eighteen (18) north, range three (3) east of the third principal meridian, to pay debts of said William H. Williamson, deceased; that summons has been issued therein, returnable to the February term, A. D. 1878, of said court, and returned served as to said John A. Williamson, and not found as to all the other defendants; that affidavit of the non-residence of all said defendants, excepting said John A. Williamson, has been filed in said cause, and said cause continued by the court for publication of notice against said non-resident defendants, as provided by law. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to said defendants that said cause will be continued for publication from term to term until the June term of said court, to be holden at the court-house in Decatur, in said Macon county, on the third Monday of June, A. D. 1878, and unless said defendants, and each of them, shall appear at the said June term of said court on the first day thereof and answer said petition or show cause why the prayer hereof should not be allowed, an order *pro confesso* will be entered against defendants not answering, and said cause set for hearing *ex parte*.

HENRY W. WAUGONER,
Clerk County Court, Macon county.

April 25, 1878—w4w

ASHBY'S CHEAP DECATUR STORE.

Tell all my country friends, I wish
To send my New Year's call,
To let them know I mean to sell
Great bargains to them all.

I've Queensware, Chairs and Household Goods,
And Stoves of every kind,
In style and finish they will please
The most fastidious mind.

'Tis true that housewives oft get bored
With old things lying 'round!
But let this bother them no more,
A remedy is found!

To Ashby's bring such things at once
To his store in Decatur;
As good a trade as ere you had
You'll get, and may be greater.

Sewing Machines of every kind,
And no'er so cheap as now;
The Wilson and Wilcox and Gibbs,
The Florence and the Howe!

And any one of these he'll trade
For anything you say;
For poultry, hogs or farm produce,
Wood, corn, oats, straw or hay.

You need not be surprised at this
And be inclined to laugh!
Just try him *once*, and you will find
He'll trade for Cow or Calf!

Or anything you have at home,
For which you have *no use*!
A second-hand Stove, or Chairs,
Or well-worn Tailor's Goose!

And towards his store, from morn till night,
A throng of people tends;
Because he's known both far and wide,
To sell *cheap* to his friends!

You'll find his store on Water street,
Northwest of the New Square!—
Just watch for *Ashby's Elephant*,
And then you'll know you're there.

R. ASHBY.

(Opera House Block.) DECATUR, ILL.

Dec 4.—d3mo w6mo

It will be to your advantage to call and see HENRY SHEPHERD, before arranging with others to cut your pattern, or make your suits to *suit*. wtf

I Shall and Will Lead.

I herewith announce to all those wishing to buy holiday presents that they can save from ten to twenty per cent. on their purchases by giving me a call. My stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Gold and Silver-headed Canes, musical instruments and other things too numerous to mention, is complete, and my goods are just as represented, to which all those who have patronized me heretofore can testify. J. L. KNIEPER,

24 Merchant street, Decatur, Ill.

Dec20-wtf

Sewing Machine Needles, of all kinds at J. S. HANO & Co.'s, Next door to Post Office.

June 9 wtf.

—AT THE—

WATER STREET

Hardware Store!

YOU WILL FIND GOOD

COAL OIL STOVES!

AT REDUCED PRICES;

—Also,—

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

GARDEN TOOLS

Spades and Shovels,

Nails, Glass, &c.,

And a Full Stock of Fine and Cheap

BUILDERS' HARDWARE

—Also, the—

BEST COAL AND WOOD

Cook Stoves and Ranges

In the Market.

Call and examine for yourselves.

R. C. CROCKER,

No. 9 Water Street.

April 11, 1878—d&wtf

JOS. MICHL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West," "NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Jul20'78wtf

MONEY

TO LOAN

—On—

Improved Farms

—At the—

VERY LOWEST RATES.

W. A. BARNS,

OVER ISTOOKEY'S BOOK STORE.

Decatur Mar15'75-ly

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED,

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

ETC.

Drafts For Sale on all the Principal Cities and on England, Ireland, Germany, Etc., Etc.

Revenue Stamps for sale in quantities to suit. Banking Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Aug13'69-ly

ANDREW KEPLER

Manufactures the

Best Brands of Cigars

And buys exclusively from first hands—thereby securing the lowest prices. Sole Agent for

WILSON, SORG & CO.'S PLUG,

And all the Leading Brands of

FINE CUT!

—Try the—

"DRUM MAJOR"

The Best Navy Plug in America, made expressly for me. It will go farther by 33 per cent. and is unequalled in flavor. I can always offer special inducements to chewers in the way of samples and job lots, which will be sold very cheap. A splendid line of

PIPES AND SMOKER'S GOODS.

Give Me a Call.

My ten years of experience in Decatur enables me to offer inducements second to no other House in the country.

Southeast Corner of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Nov. 15, 1877—wtf A. KEPLER.

IF YOU WANT

Choice Groceries

CALL ON

HENRY LYON,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and

PROVISIONS,

Which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

HENRY LYON.

Decatur, Mar18'75-wtf

HOWARD

Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED 1825.

SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, President
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice President.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire

FOR POLICIES APPLY TO

JESSE LEFORGEE,

Agent, Decatur.

WE LOAN GOLD!

Commissions Reduced

MONEY AT 8 PER CENT.

On Good Farms.

No Fees Unless the Loan is made.

COMMISSIONS 3 PER CENT

We can arrange to divide the loan into bonds of different dates of maturity.

From two to five Years

No Bond Less than $500.

CRA & EWING,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Over Ferriss' Shoe Store.

Decatur, Nov. 1, 1877-w1y

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MARBLE HALL.

SPRING TRADE!

SAMPLE HATS!

A VERY LARGE LOT JUST RECEIVED,

MEN'S AND BOYS' STYLES

Which will be Sold at Retail at Manufacturers' Wholesale Prices. Call soon if you want to get the CHEAPEST HATS Ever Sold in Decatur.—We have also just received our SPRING STOCK of

BOYS' & YOUTHS'

CLOTHING

Of which we have an Endless Variety, and will sell at prices Lower than have ruled SINCE THE WAR. Our Stock of

MEN'S READY-MADE CLOTHING!

Is Full and Complete, and will be SOLD at VERY LOW PRICES. A Large Stock of

LAUNDRIED AND UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS!

NECKWEAR OF ALL KINDS,

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

Of Every Variety and Price, ALL NEW and of the LATEST STYLES.

OUR MERCHANT

TAILORING DEPARTMENT!

Is Stocked with New and Choice Styles of Piece Goods, which will be made up to Order in the Latest Style, and

FITS GUARANTEED.

GIVE US A CALL.

J. R. RACE & CO.

March 22 dAwtf

Highly Important

Large and Unprecedented Bargains in

DRY GOODS!

5,000 yards Best Prints, 6 1-4 cents.
3,000 " Prints, 5 cents.
1,000 " soft-finished, bleached Muslin, for the needle, 7 1-2 cents.

EMBROIDERIES!

The Largest Assortment and Newest Patterns.

100 dozen Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 5 cents per pair.
100 " Fancy Striped Hose, 10 cents.
500 " Plain Fancy Colored Hose, 12½ cents
Children's Hose, in large variety, from 8 cents up
Parasols and Linen Suits, lower than ever
Dress Goods—beatiful styles—from 10, 12½, 15, 20 to 25 cents.
Black Dress Silk—the best in the city, at $1.00

MILLINERY.

The Largest Stock in the City, Retailed at Wholesale Prices.

Come and see my Immense Stock before buying elsewhere.

THEO. A. GEHRMANN.

May 2, 1878 dawtfn

You will miss it if you spend your

SILVER DOLLARS!

—FOR—

SADDLES, HARNESS AND HORSE EQUIPMENTS,

BEFORE YOU CALL And Examine **Our Stock** AND GET OUR PRICES

We will not be Undersold, and Guarantee Our Goods as Represented. We use nothing but the

BEST OAK TANNED LEATHER!

direct from the tanyard. We have always on hand a large assortment of

Summer Lap Robes,

SHEETS AND NETS;

Also, HARNESS OILS, HARNESS SOAPS, AND DRESSINGS FOR CARRIAGES AND BUGGY TOPS, FREE FROM ACIDS.

J. C. STARR & SON,

WEST SIDE OF THE OLD SQUARE, NEXT DOOR TO THE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

AN OATH BOUND PARTY.

The national party has adopted a feature which will aid more than any other, in adding to its defeat at the polls. The party is made up of a conglomeration of disappointed republicans and democrats in the country, and, in the cities, of the communist element, which in Paris during the Prussian war, was guilty of horrible atrocities. The real object of the national party is to disrupt all other parties, get all the offices possible, and, in time pass laws dividing the property of the country equally between all. This is the pet idea of the leaders, but of course, in the country, such ideas are only whispered; in the cities, they are talked openly. In order to insure secrecy the city clubs and lodges are bound by very strong oaths and penalties. In small towns and country places they take an oath of milder form to suit the necessities of the occasion. The following is the oath taken in country places and small towns:

"You do solemnly promise and swear that you will suppoit the constitution and by-laws of the national party, and that you will abide by all laws made by the executive committee of the national party of—

It will be noticed that the last clause leaves the members no alternative. The executive committee is given power to make laws and the subordinates swear to support them. At some of the recent elections the executive committees in certain towns used their authority and dictated who should be voted for and who not. It will only be a question of time how long before internal dissensions "bust up" the national organization. The party leaders are, of course anxious for office, and they will so manipulate matters as to get themselves elected members of the executive committee and pass edicts accordingly. A few men will doubtless join the party in good faith but the majority are malcontents who are dangerous to society. They are adepts in originating schemes to tear down the social and political fabric, but lack ability to institute anything in its place. Either of the old parties are preferable to the new, because they are in favor of good money, good order and good morals. Neither of them are pledged to attempt financial schemes which can only result in disaster to the nation. The agitation caused by the nationals and communists has done more toward demoralizing business and financial matters than all the legislation during the past dozen years.—*Champaign Gazette.*

A POSSIBLE DELUGE OF CLAIMS.

Notwithstanding the profuse protestations of the democracy in 1876, that they did not design to fasten the horde of southern claimants upon the treasury, and in the face of Mr. Tilden's declaration that he and his supporters would never do such a thing, nearly every democrat in congress has his desk full of these claims and is an advocate for their payment. Finding it next to hopeless to try to get them passed in this way, the dominant party in the house of representatives is seeking to open the court of claims commission, and to allow all who have been hitherto debarred to file their claims. Every day experience in such matters teaches that hundreds of millions of money would be at once demanded in this event. A restrictive clause requiring the courts to report these findings to congress would be but a feeble barrier to the payments of the sums they should report as necessary to cover losses proved, and the same sort of log-rolling that rushed through the river and harbor bill would order their payment by scores or hundreds at a time.—*Cleveland Leader.*

THE new Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Mexico to the United States, Senor Zamacona, was officially presented to the President yesterday. In accepting his credentials, the President said:

I beg to assure you that the stability and permanence of free political institutions in Mexico will continue to be an object of the greatest interest and concern to this Government, and it will be the constant desire of my Administration that all relations between the two countries shall tend to secure peace between them, and to uphold and advance in Mexico all the great interests of good government, commercial prosperity and international justice which are so important to every member of the family of civilized nations. I accept the warm and generous assurances which you give me, "that all the resources which are at the command of the national power will be used by Mexico in order to render its future relations with the United States more solid cordial, and productive of good," and may well anticipate from this concurrence of sentiment and purposes between the two countries the best fruits of permanent and prosperous peace.

THE Democratic idea of economy is illustrated in Indianapolis. When the Democracy got possession of the city government in May, 1874, the city indebtedness was $1,294,500, and there was a cash balance in the treasury of $259,670. They had control for two years, and when they went out they left the city debt $1,606,165, and only $40,431 in the treasury. In other words, in two years' time they spent the cash balance of $259,670 which they found in the treasury, and increased the city indebtedness $530,904. The record is the same in municipal, State, or National Government. The Democrats scream economy, and spend the money; cry reform, and in practice retrograde to-

SHE DANCED IN HER SHROUD.

A Richmond (Va.) dispatch says: "Several months ago Mrs. Marion Hillitz, a highly respectable and wealthy German lady, was taken ill, and, in order to receive proper nursing and treatment, was removed to the hospital of the Little Sisters of the Poor, in the western part of the city. She was very popular with the inmates of that institution, and during her stay made many friends. About two weeks since Mrs. Hillitz, who had been in bad health, grew suddenly quite ill. During her illness she received every attention from the good sisters, and all that medical aid could do to alleviate her suffering was done. She grew worse, however, and some of the physicians came to the conclusion that she could not live much longer.

Last Saturday night Mrs. Hillitz died. The body was, according to the custom, shrouded and laid out in the parlor of the institution. The good sisters, who had watched by the bedside so faithfully, were gathered by the side of the corpse at midnight when the clock struck 12. The sisters did not grow weary in their faithful watch over the dead sister.

Suddenly, as they looked upon her face still in death, the sunken eyes appeared to flash, the blood came back to the faded cheek, and, as though imbued with superhuman energy, the dead body rose up from its resting place, which was draped with black pall, emblematic of mourning, and spoke to the affrighted watchers, saying, "I am not dead yet, but I will die soon." The old lady then danced around the room, sung and shouted in a loud, ringing voice. The inmates of the hospital were thunderstruck and paralyzed. As soon as the nurses recovered from their fright, they placed the old lady in bed, where she lingered until about 9 o'clock, when she again apparently died. The affair has created the most intense excitement, and to-day thousands of persons visited the hospital."

Cheap Visiting Cards.

The *American Agriculturist* calls attention to a swindle of petty details, but large in the aggregate. Certain firms are advertising to furnish visiting cards at a price which does not cover the cost of good cardboard. These advertisements are directed to the young people, and receive attention usually from none but the young. The first one or two orders from any locality are filled promptly, as a rule, and large inducements are offered to agents. In this way it often happens that some person in the vicinity consents to act as agent, and secure a club larger or smaller, as the case may be. The names and money are sent on, the advertising firm pockets the money and the agent is to make good the loss of the patrons who have ordered cards. All this is bad enough, but the evil does not end here. The lists of names secured in this way are turned over to the publishers of obscene literature, who use the lists in directing circulars, &c. The first advertisement for cards, &c., frequently appear in the amateur papers, where they escape notice, except among the young. The *Agriculturist* advises all parents whose children have sent their names for these cheap cards, to carefully supervise the mail matter received by the children. It has been of late more than once asserted that literature of evil tendency was more freely circulated among the school children of the country than ever before. The exposure by the *Agriculturist* seems to explain one reason why this is so.

Why Republicans will Win.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

We ought to carry the next House of Representatives. We ought to make such a demonstration throughout the North as will show that the Republican party is as vigorous and resolute as ever. We do not find Republicans anywhere ready to drop their banner. There is nothing tempting on the other side.—The record and tendencies of the Democracy repel thinking and patriotic men. With the character and blunders of the present House, the argument against them is irresistible. No Republican anywhere can desire or tolerate their success.

SHADES of Jefferson and the Continental Congress, were not all men born free and equal? Well, then, argues Socialist Longley, of St. Louis, is it not wrong that one man should sit at ease in his cushioned chair while another works like a slave? Seductive is the easy-chair, and the laboring man would be glad to occupy it, especially as all men were born with the same inalienable right to possess it. Communism being an exceedingly vague term, implying sometimes more and sometimes less, it is convenient to have its object sharply defined by one of its apostles. It aims, therefore, to give every son of toil in this broad and magnificent country, from the queenly Atlantic to the kingly Pacific, from the royal lakes to the lordly gulf, a well-upholstered and thoroughly comfortable arm-chair. To arms, ye workingmen, for there is a good time coming, especially for the furniture dealers and the cabinet trade.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican*, after a square look at the Democrats now in Congress from the South and North, has no fears that such men can long govern the nation. The real issue is, he thinks, between two civilizations, the Northern and Southern, and the people already

THE COMMUNISTIC SCARE.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Remembering the disturbance and panic caused by the riots of last year, many men fear that the like may happen again. We have no such fears. The railroad strike was alarming because it was surprising; nothing like it had ever occurred before. We had no experience to guide us in dealing with its phenomena. Should similar riots break out again the people would know instantly what to do, and they would do it. It took us but a few days to learn last year that the first thing to be done was to overcome all resistance by law. That lesson will not soon be forgotten, even by the strikers. The law and order party are and always will be, in the majority, and red flags, or even loaded muskets carried by a mob, cannot prevail over that great majority. We do not fear any such trouble this summer, but should it come it will be stamped out within twenty-four hours. Every law abiding citizen is a potential policeman. "The common sense of most" is our best protection against mob-violence, the great assurance of the perpetuity of our institutions. Should any misguided faction threaten life or property, it will be the duty of every citizen to aid in quelling it instantly. The element of surprise can never figure again in such affairs. The work to be done would be clear, and willing hands would do it promptly.

We see no great cause for alarm in the present situation in the West. Considering the general dullness of trade and manufactures, the working classes are doing as well as they have any reason to expect. There are many idle men—a great many more, indeed, than need be, if they were eager for work. The promise of a crop large beyond precedent was never better, and this in turn will go far to hasten the return to better times. All experience has shown that strikers and rioters always get the worst of it in the end. The lesson of last summer was not given in vain.—The men who inaugurated the strike then would not repeat the experiment; it was too costly. Sensible workingmen would do well to turn a deaf ear to the ravings of the communistic and socialistic disorganizers, and these gentry had better be discreet in their actions. The people will stand no nonsense that endangers life and property.

Baptism of Hundreds.

From the Richmond (Va.) State.

On Sunday morning the roads and lanes leading across Chimborazo Park were filled with persons, white and black, male and female, from the gray-haired sire to the infant in arms, all hurrying in the direction of Gillie's creek to witness the great baptizing. By 10 o'clock in the morning at least 4,000 persons had assembled on the York River Railroad and the surrounding hills, and the long line of new converts, male and female, in twos, arrived on the ground and stood in readiness on either side of the stream—the males on one side and the females on the other.

The females were dressed in white, with white turbans around their heads, and the men with white shirts, and white handkerchiefs around their heads, awaited patiently under the burning sun the arrival of their turn. After the singing of a hymn and a short prayer the Rev. Scott Gwathmay, accompanied by one of his deacons, stepped down into the water, and the baptizing was begun.

The females were served first, and they were quickly disposed of to make room for others in waiting. The men outnumbered the women. By 12:30 the ceremony was over, and 233 persons had been immersed by one man. The converts, for the most part, were very quiet and undemonstrative, but occasionally some manifestation of religious fervor would break out. One old woman, at least 70 years of age, walking on crutches, hobbled to the pool and was among those baptized. She was taken in the arms of a stalwart deacon and borne out to the dressing-room.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 9.—To-day, James, Andrew and Joseph Jackson, three brothers, and prominent farmers, of Elk Garden, Lee county, died from eating poisoned butter. Miss Alice Gatewood, a beautiful young lady, who was visiting the place, and who took breakfast at the Elk Hill mansion, died from the effects of the poisoned butter. Twelve other persons, including George Dabney Wooten, a prominent lawyer, and Drs. Fitch and Cowan, the two leading physicians of the county, are seriously ill from the same cause. The editor of the Lee county *Sentinel* is among the poisoned. The most horrible part of the affair is that the butter was deliberately poisoned by Andrew Miller, a farmer in the neighborhood, who had lost a large quantity of butter by thieves. He poisoned a firkin of butter, and the thieves who stole it scattered it widecast through the county.—No one knows whether he has eaten poisoned butter or not, and people in the neighborhood are in a wild state of excitement. The tragedy casts a gloom over the entire county.

THE seductiveness—one might almost say the fascination, of interest got, or to be got, from money is very remarkable. Ordinarily, people who have not had money at interest care little about it, indeed, never think of it. But after they have once had interest—have familiarized themselves with the fact that money is worth something—they very rarely forget it, or fail to act upon it.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10.—The published statement of communistic gatherings in various parts of the country has received sufficient consideration from the Government to lead to an investigation as to the strength and character of the reported preparations. The Government agents show that the accounts are very much exaggerated. In the meantime, however, the Government will observe all operations of this character in order to be prepared for any emergency should they in the future extend to dimensions threatening the peace of the country. Secretary Thompson said to-day, and this seems to be the opinion entertained by the members of the Cabinet generally, that the statements of men arming for the purpose of forcing certain doctrines of the relation of labor and capital are not worth noticing, and their promulgation only brings discredit upon the well disposed working population of the country; that so far as he has been able to learn, the parties instituting such radical and revolutionary movements, as a rule, are unnaturalized foreigners, who have not come to the United States to make a permanent residence, and who have had no affiliations with our people or our institutions. The Secretary further said that he felt that he could say for the good name of the American laboring classes that they will not tolerate the revolutionary ideas of the lowest classes of the Old World. He believed that the financial situation and prospects of trade are such that we have already entered into a period of reviving business activity, and that new enterprises will be inaugurated which will defeat all efforts of the emissaries of the foreign nationalists to destroy the peace, happiness and security of the country by resorting to riot and arson as the instruments to force their ideas into life in our midst.

The temper of Democratic Representatives toward the loyal Union men of the South was plainly evinced in the somewhat excited debate in the House to-day. Mr. Hunton, of Virginia, interrupted Representative Thompson in his remarks upon a pending claim bill, and tauntingly demanded the names of Southern men who were loyal to the Union and who had suffered for their devotion. Gen. Harry White, of Pennsylvania, at this point rose and, stating that he was probably more familiar with the subject than his colleague, proceeded to inform Mr. Hunton of the sufferings of Union men in his own state, especially in the valley of Virginia, recalling a number of instances that have passed into history, where loyal men had suffered in life and property for their devotion to the cause of the Union. This plain statement of facts raised quite a scene, and the debate which followed was exceedingly warm. General White endeavored to get the floor again to reply to some of the strictures leveled at him from the Democratic side of the House, but was refused recognition, as it was evident that explicit information on the treatment received by Southern Union men was not what the Democratic majority cared to receive.

NIGHT sessions "for debate only" are a common feature of the proceedings of the lower house of congress. At these sessions members make speeches for home consumption, and care very little whether anybody hears them or not.—A few evenings ago Representative Wright, of Pennsylvania, spoke to absolutely empty benches. In the course of the evening Mr. Morrison, of Illinois came in. A correspondent says: "Mr. Morrison first looked at the empty benches, then at the speaker, then at the galleries, and finally at the orator. His only words were: 'Well, I'll be damned,' and he left the hall with a look of agony upon his face." Mr. Morrison is an unregenerated democrat, and we presume he spoke the truth.

THE New York *Graphic* insists that it did not make the Democratic ticket for 1880, Thurman and Tilden, at Mr Tilden's instigation, and explains: "Mr Tilden was not consulted; but it must have occurred to the sage of Gramercy Park that, as the Democratic party had done so much for him, he owes something in return. He cannot be nominated for the Presidency—that much is certain: but he has a grievance, and one which would be worth hundreds of thousands of votes to the Democratic party, were he to consent to occupy the second place on the ticket."

"Girls," said a worthy old lady to her grand-daughters, "whenever a fellow pops the question don't blush and stare at your foot. Just throw your arms around his neck, look him full in the face, and commence talking about the furniture. Young fellows are mighty nervous sometimes. I lost several good chances before I caught your fond, dear grandfather by putting on airs, but I learned how to do it after awhile.

The Campaign in Iowa.

The Des Moines, Iowa, *State Register* announces the receipt of a private letter from Washington stating that Messrs. Blaine, Conkling, Ben Butler, Banks, and Townsend "will consent to talk the pure and unsurrendered gospel of stalwart republicanism to the republicans of Iowa for a week apiece this fall.—They will receive such a welcome, if they come, that they will think it is Fourth of July in Iowa the year round."

Ice! Ice!—D. A. Maffit is prepared to deliver ice in any part of the city. Orders left at S. T. Keeler's hat store will

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1878.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of the Fourteenth Congressional District, embracing the counties of Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Macon, Piatt and Vermillion, are requested to appoint delegates to attend a convention of said district, to be held at Champaign city, Illinois, on

Tuesday, July 2, 1878,

at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative in Congress for said district, to be voted for at the election to be held in November next, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said convention. The basis of representation will be as follows: one delegate for every 400 and fraction of 200 votes cast for Republican presidential electors in 1876, which will entitle the respective counties in the said Fourteenth congressional district to the following number of delegates, to-wit

Champaign	11	Macon	8
Coles	7	Piatt	5
Douglas	4	Vermillion	11

GEO. SCROGGS, Chairman.

H. W. MAGEE, Sec'y.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of the several townships of Macon county are requested to elect delegates to a county convention, to be held at the court-house in Decatur, on

Thursday, June 20th, 1878,

at 1 o'clock p. m., for the following purposes: To select eight delegates to represent this county in the State Convention to be held in Springfield June 26th; to select eight delegates to represent this county in the Congressional Convention of the 14th district, to be held at Champaign city July 2d; and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention. The basis of representation will be as follows: one delegate for each fifty votes cast for Republican Presidential Electors in 1876. Under this basis the several townships and voting districts will be entitled to the following number of delegates respectively:

Decatur 1st district, 8; 2nd district, 6; 3rd district, 5; 4th district, 1. Austin, 2; Blue Mound, 2; Friends Creek, 1; Hickory, 2; Harristown, 2; Illini, 2; Long Creek, 2; Milton, 1; Macon, 5; Mt. Zion, 3; Macon, 1; Nuantic, 3; Oreana, 2; Pleasant View, 2; Wheatland, 2; Whitmore, 3; total, 61

By order of the County Central Committee.

JNO. A. BARNES, Chairman.

ALL the gentlemen who have been named as candidates for congress in the eighth district have united in a request to Col. Frost to run again. It is probable that he will do so.

ZELLER, the absconding bank cashier, was discovered in Belmont, Ont., by detective John F. Norris, who escorted him to Tiffin, O., where anxious hearts were awaiting his return.

THE greenback national labor reformers of Pennsylvania are in trouble.—Their nominee for lieutenant governor has positively declined, and it is said their nominee for governor and for judge of the supreme court will also decline.

DENNIS, the Florida sensationalist, is disgusted. He says the Democrats don't seem to have either ability or courage. They would like to show frauds in the Republican ranks, but when they find out that their own party friends will be smirched in the investigation they back out frightened to death. Dennis is tired of the business, and has gone home.

THE Indianapolis *Journal* thinks that Indiana can furnish the champion mean man of the country. He is the democratic county commissioner of Hancock county, worth $20,000, who carried water all day for Van Amburgh's show in order to get in free. The meanness of this act was intensified by the fact that this job is a time-honored perquisite of the little boys whom he thus cheated out of their birthright.

THE Hon. Galusha A. Grow thinks the Pennsylvania Nationals made the best possible nominations for themselves. He believes they will poll a larger vote than they did last fall, and find that their strength will come from the Republican Greenbackers of the western counties and from the labor element of the anthracite coal regions, which has heretofore voted with the Democratic party.

GEN. HAYWARD in his speech on Saturday night, at the temperance meeting, made a passing allusion to Hon. J. G. Cannon, whose personal acquaintance he had made during the winter at Washington. He spoke of Mr. Cannon as a very industrious, attentive representative, who was always at his post, and, unlike too many others, "always able for duty." He said it was worth something to have a representative who is always sober and attending to his legitimate duties.

This compliment to Mr. Cannon will be highly appreciated by his friends, coming as it did from a citizen of another state, who has no personal interest in the re-election of Mr. Cannon. The friends of the latter will be proud to know that their representative amounts to enough to attract the attention of strangers who visit the capital.

We can recommend our readers to use Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup in all cases of coughs, colds, etc. It only costs 25 cents a bottle, and is warranted to cure. Sold by all druggists. [May15d&w1w

GENERAL SHIELDS IN CHICAGO.

His Reception and Little Talk to the Boys.

Facing the veterans, who were drawn up in a line before him, Gen. Shields spoke as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS: This is a grateful and a flattering ovation—one worthy of your city of Chicago—but far beyond my poor deserts. And yet I think I understand that you pay, by this tribute, an honor not only to me personally, but to a great many that have been associated with me, and who surrounded me, and who fought with me, and fell with me in two wars. For if there is any one man living who knows the mettle of the men of Illinois, it is old James Shields, who stands before you to-day. [Applause] I have seen them fight, I have seen them fall, and I never yet saw them turn their backs to an enemy. [Renewed applause.] So that, in receiving me—a time-worn and war-worn old man—you only pay a tribute to the old gallant men with whom I have been associated for the best years of my life.—When the Old Guard of France fell back from Moscow, there was only one man left to answer to the call of the old muster roll. When every name was called, that man answered, "Dead," "dead," "dead." The men with whom I have been associated—the greatest part of them the Old Guard of the last generation—if you were to call the muster roll to-night—where is Abraham Lincoln? Dead. Where is Stephen A. Douglas? Dead. Where is John J. Hardin? Dead. Where is Edward Baker? Dead. Where is William H. Bissell? Dead. I could go on, leaving Illinois, and ask where is Daniel Webster, and Calhoun, and Benton and Cass, and Winfield Scott, and Zachary Taylor, and Worth and Wool? So that, in honoring me to-night, you honor the memory of the men that I have been associated with during the last generation, most of whom are now dead. And you honor their graves, and you honor yourselves, in paying a tribute to an associate of these men, however humble he may be. [Applause.]

I thought that my reception and treatment in Boston could not be beaten, for no private citizen, in my humble judgment, and as they told me there, ever went to New England that was received more kindly than I was. As a man, a mere private citizen, a simple farmer, without wealth, unheralded, as it were, and, I might say, personally unknown, I went into New England.—I didn't know these people. No man can know them unless he goes home to their workshops, their schools, their colleges, their factories, and, above all, to their charitable institutions. And my reception in New York and Washington, although one little thing,—the color of my coat,—wasn't right, yet, with that exception, it all went well. [Laughter.] But here in Illinois, after all, I feel more at home. Here is the old stamping ground. Here is where Douglas and I used to run about over the prairies, and here is this palatial hotel, which its proprietor has put at my disposal for myself and my friends. Nowhere else have I met with such kindness. This beats them all. But [laughing] what will I do when I go home and get back to first principles? [Laughter.] I shall never forget a little incident about a man who has gone, and whom, I suppose, I can put in the dead roll too. It was Aleck Field, secretary of state, and when he got in nobody could get him out. After we changed the constitution, we didn't get him out then. Well, once I went down to Shawneetown, having been appointed to investigate the case of a man named Rounds, and Aleck was appointed to defend. We happened to go on board a steamer while there, and there was a great lot of traders, and he and they got pretty drunk. But I will do him the justice to say that I never saw him beastly sober, or beastly drunk, either. [Laughter.] Then he called them up, made them a speech, which was splendid, and the captain was delighted, and gave him the freedom of the bar. And I tell you Aleck knew how to use the freedom of the bar. [Great laughter.] The thing went on gloriously. But as it was drawing to an end, Aleck came to me and said, "But what the —— will we do when we go to Kaskaskia and get back to first principles?" [Laughter. And I do think that Kaskaskia was just about the most God-forsaken place on the face of the earth I ever saw. [Renewed laughter.] So I don't know what I shall do after leaving this house and getting back to first principles. In conclusion, my fellow soldiers, I thank you and return you my sincere and grateful acknowledgment for the honor you have done me to-night. [Applause.]

THE United States is far in advance of any other country in point of agriculture, the development of this department of industry having been truly marvelous in late years. Thus the corn crop increased from 768,320,000 bushels in 1867 to 1,310,000,000 in 1877, or nearly 100 per cent. in a single decade. The hog crop, which may be said to be a product of the corn crop, reached the enormous total for the year ending with last month of 9,048,566 head, an increase of rising 100 per cent during the last ten years. The yield of wheat for the past year was 360,000,000 bushels, or 50,000,000 more than was before produced. Deducting the amount necessary for home consumption and seed upwards of 110,000,000 bushels is left for export. In almost all other farm products there has been nearly a corresponding increase. —*Baltimore Sun.*

Children's Spring Shoes, at Barber & Baker's. [April 12-d

WORKINGMEN vs. COMMUNISTS.

Illinois State Gazette.

There are a few public journals which persist in associating workingmen with communists. Whether this is due to ignorance, or a malicious desire to antagonize capital and labor, is not exactly apparent; but the injustice of placing these two classes in the same category must be manifest to any one endowed with ordinary capacity.—The communist is not a workingman in the ordinary meaning of that word. He does not labor for the simple purpose of supplying all the reasonable wants of his family and meeting like a man the obligations and responsibilities of life. He would not labor at all were it not necessary to keep the wolf of hunger from the door, for there is not an impulse in his nature that points towards those grand results which reward a life of honest industry. He writhes and struggles beneath the eternal fiat that a man shall earn his daily bread in the sweat of his brow, and were all men of his mind every kind of legitimate labor would cease, and the world would quickly degenerate into a grand field of lawless plundering and every species of crime. Robbers by nature, they know nothing of the sweet joys of home, for they waste the summer time of life in cowardly repinings against the eternal laws of nature, and in a visionary longing for a great good which they profess to believe is laid up for them in some hitherto unexplored recess of social science. It is not of this kind of material that the true workingmen of America are made. They believe that God helps him who helps himself, and they go not to their fields and shops and stores and offices like scourged slaves, muttering curses upon the government that protects them, and maledictions upon the civilization that encourages labor; but with a feeling of profound thankfulness that they have the ability to work and a profound sense of independence in that they are the architects of their own fortunes.—It is true that disagreements arise sometimes between employes and employers, and strikes result which usually are found to be injurious to both sides, and often both sides are equally to blame; but there is no spirit of communism manifest in this, and these differences are sooner or later adjusted.—The facts of the matter are simply this: In case of a communistic uprising to whom must the country look to for protection? To the comparatively few people who are denominated capitalists and shylocks? Not by any means.—The country must look for its defense in every case of need to the great army of workingmen in America, who are its upbuilders in times of peace, its sure bulwark in times of war. Let us, then, have this distinction so clearly marked that the wayfaring editor though a consummate fool need not err in respect thereto, and that he may no more be inclined to associate the term communist with workingman than he would with shylock and capitalist.

THE COMING MAN.

From the Omaha Republican.

Gen. Grant is getting a broad and good education for a new term of public life in the high place to which he will probably be recalled in 1880. He has visited England, France, Italy, Turkey, Egypt and the Holy Land, and will now make the tour of Austria, Prussia, Russia, Sweden, Norway and Denmark. To his six years of war and his eight years of peace in the largest sphere of our public life, he will now add that knowledge of the world and of men and nations which in Europe is rightly regarded as among the chief elements of education for statesmanship. He will return the most accomplished American in practical affairs of state who has ever honored the nation abroad or served it at home.

Iowa Register's Paris Correspondence.

Some of the Ohio mob abroad do not like Grant, while the New Yorkers go their bottom dollar on the "old man." There are a good many little stories current over here of petty meanness intended to "crush" the General, but a potato-bug never yet upset a royal elephant. It is wonderful how great the respect of the people is for Gen. Grant in these foreign lands. I was present in Naples when the General came in on the Vandalia. St. Patrick could not receive a warmer welcome from the sons of the Green Isle than the Neapolitans gave the General, and he seemed to take the crowd as coolly and quietly as he did that other crowd now ruling Rutherford and his roost—I mean that crowd that either skedaddled or "caved" at Donnelson, Vicksburg or Appomattox. I would rather tramp on to political defeat under the "old man" than to victory under such a one as has disgraced the chair once honored by Lincoln by a treachery and weakness that the nastiest shyster in Iowa could hardly equal.

The Uncertain Value of Real Estate.

An illustration of the manner in which men have been made rich and poor by the fluctuation and fictitious value placed upon real estate is afforded by the following paragraph from the Boston *Journal*:

In 1855 a lot of land on Seaver st., Boston Highlands, was sold for the sum of $6,000; in 1872 the same land was for $45,000, and within a few days it has been purchased by the original owner for $7,000.

A DEMOCRATIC member of the Kentucky Democratic Legislature asserted in a speech in that body on the 6th instant that no "carpet-bag, scalawag Government of the Radical-cursed, down-trodden States of the forsaken South was ever subject to such legalized robbery as has been perpetrated by a Legislature composed of high-toned Kentucky gentlemen."

GERRYMANDERING OHIO.

Peoria Transcript.

The state of Ohio is fast gaining the reputation of possessing meaner and more unscrupulous democrats than any other state in the Union. At the last congressional election by the most barefaced frauds they stole one member of Congress. Last fall they opened their "barl" and practically bought the governorship; one of the leading democrats of the House proves to have been a bounty jumper and a convict criminal, and now the legislature proposes to put the finish to the record of infamy by redistricting the state in such a way as shall secure to the democracy fourteen of the twenty congressmen from Ohio. There is no honest pretext for a new apportionment. Neither a state or federal census has recently been taken, and the state must be redistricted in 1881, even if a new apportionment is made now. At the present time the democrats have eight members of congress, including Banning who never was elected, and the Republicans twelve. Mr. Milton Sayler, one of the democratic congressmen, thinks the party ought not to try and "fix things" so as to secure more than ten or twelve of the state delegation. In view of the facts in the case, the New York *Tribune* thinks "Mr. Sayler's modesty is less conspicuous than his impudence." The democrats of the lower house of the Ohio legislature have already determined in caucus to support the gerrymandering scheme, and it is probable the democratic senators, though at present a little coy, will be forced by party pressure into supporting the measure.

Clifford's Febrifuge, or Fever and Ague Cure.—This preparation is obtained by a newly-discovered process, and contains all the active medicinal principles of East India Cinchona bark, grown on the Neilgherry hills, from which all the irritant properties have been eliminated. It is Nature's own remedy for all diseases arising from Malarial poison. Palatable, Powerful, Antiperiodic and Tonic, it never fails to cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Chills, Congestive Chills, Billious Fever, Periodical Neuralgia, and all diseases of Malarial origin.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop'r.,
For sale by all Druggists. St. Louis.
May15-d&w1m

IT is estimated that the flax mills of Russia give employment to 300,000 operatives and produce $120,000,000 worth of goods per annum. During the past year America imported $340,000,000 worth of flax and its manufactures. This, too, when it is so well settled that we can produce, if we would, enough of the commodity to supply the United States, but instead of doing it we prefer to sell our wheat in England and buy flax in Russia with the proceeds.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

TUTT'S PILLS.

For TEN YEARS **TUTT'S PILLS** have been the recognized **standard Family Medicine** in all the **Atlantic States**—From **Maine** to **Mexico**, scarcely a family can be found that does not use them. It is now proposed to make their **virtues known** in the **WEST**, with the certainty that as soon as tested they will become as popular there as they are at the **North and South.**

TUTT'S PILLS!!

DO THEY CURE EVERYTHING?

NO.—They are intended for diseases that result from malarial Poison and a Deranged Liver.

DR. TUTT has devoted twenty-five years to the study of the Liver and the result has demonstrated that it exerts greater influence over the system than any other organ of the body;—Digestion and Assimilation of the food—on which, depends the vitality of the body,—is carried on through it; the regular action of the bowels depends on it, and when these functions are deranged, the Heart, the Brain, the Kidneys, the Skin, in fact the entire organism is affected.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISORDERED LIVER.

Dull Pain in the Side and Shoulder, loss of Appetite; Coated Tongue; Costive Bowels; Sick-headache; Drowsiness; Weight in the Stomach after eating, with Acidity and Belching up of Wind; Low Spirits; Loss of Energy; Unsociability; and forebodings of Evil.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE NEGLECTED, SOON FOLLOWS

DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS FEVER, CHILLS, JAUNDICE, COLIC, NERVOUSNESS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, NEURALGIA, KIDNEY DISEASE, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, AND A GENERAL BREAKING DOWN OF THE SYSTEM.

HEED THE WARNING!

TAKE

TUTT'S PILLS.

The first dose produces an effect which often astonishes the sufferer, giving a cheerfulness of mind and bouyancy of body, to which he was before a stranger. They create an Appetite, Good Digestion, and

SOLID FLESH AND HARD MUSCLE.

A LOUISANA PLANTER SAYS:

"My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of sickness. I employ one hundred and fifty hands, often half of them were sick. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of **TUTT'S PILLS.** I used them as a precaution as well as a cure. The result was marvellous; my laborers became hearty, robust, and happy, and I have had no further trouble. With these Pills I would not fear to live in the Okatonokee swamp."

E. RIVAL, BAYOU SARA, LA.

"BEST PILL IN EXISTENCE."

"I have used your PILLS for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Nervousness, and can say I never had any thing to do me so much good in the way of medicine. They are as good as you represent them. I recommend them as the **Best Pill** in existence, and do all I can to acquaint others with their good merits."

J. W. TIBBETTS, DACOTA, MINN.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

B. STINE,

—THE—

Boss Clothier!

THE GREAT

$10.00!

All-Wool Cassimere

MEN'S SUIT.

The BEST and CHEAPEST GARMENT ever offered for the money in this or any other market.

SOLD EVERYWHERE ELSE AT $15.00.

200 SUITS

Of them in Stock.

For Sale only at

B. STINE'S,

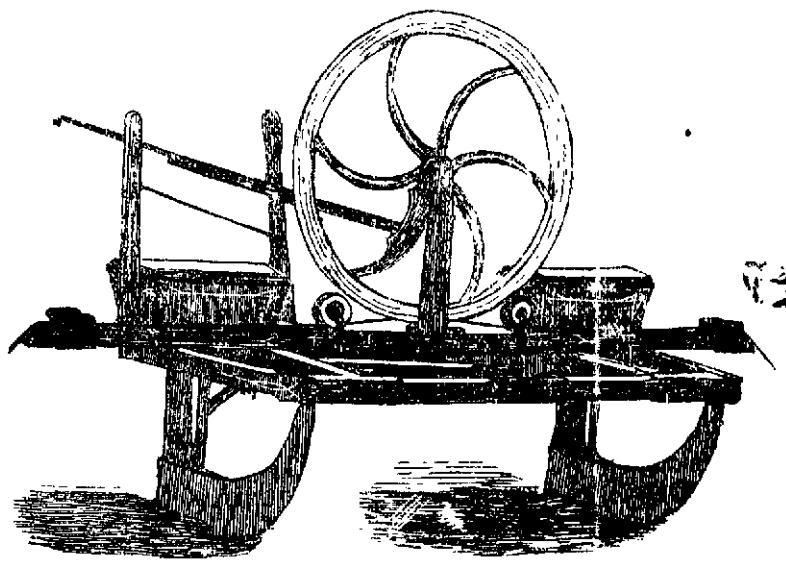
The Boss Clothier.

May 16—wtf

Simplicity, Durability and Economy Combined

—IN THE—

DECATUR ROTARY CHECK ROWER



It is run with a Smooth Rope, not liable to get out of order, and will fit any Planter.

A Testimonial Letter.

WARRENSBURG, ILL., May 6th, 1878.

Mr. J. L. Knieper, Decatur, Ill.:

DEAR SIR:—I herewith certify that I have this day tried the Decatur Rotary Check Rower bought of you, on the old style Climax Planter. On examining the ground planted over I find the corn nicely check-rowed. Think the Rotary O. K.

JOSIAH ALLEN.

☞ For machines apply to

J. L. KNIEPER, DECATUR, ILL.

Ashby's Spring Recipe for Pleasant Dreams!

Just think of sleeping every night
On feathers filled with dust!
If they don't breed diseases now
Eventually they must.

Then bring your feathers round to me,
Good common sense this seems;
I'll steam and cleanse them thoroughly,
And then you'll have sweet dreams!

Notice.—As I wish to retire from the jewelry business, I will sell my entire stock, consisting of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, &c., &c., at first cost, for cash only. All desiring anything in my line may be convinced that I *mean* what I say by giving me a call.

J. L. KNIEPER,
24 Merchant St., Decatur, Ill.
Jan11-d&wtf

SERIOUS damage has been done to vegetation by the recent frosts throughout the West, but it is generally believed that the fruit and grain crops have not been materially injured except in some localities.

MONEY

—TO—

LOAN!

We have now money on hand

TO LOAN

IN SUMS OF

$500, $1000, $1500 and $2000

Can furnish the money as soon as papers are made.

OVERMIRE & KAUFMAN,

OVER DECATUR NATIONAL BANK.

May 15 [illegible]

WOOL! WOOL!

100,000 Pounds

—OF—

WOOL

WANTED.

The undersigned will pay the

Highest Market Price for Wool, in Cash,

Or will exchange Flannels, Blankets, Jeans, Yarns, Clothing, Piece Goods, Hats, Caps and General Merchandise.

J. R. RACE & CO.

MARBLE HALL,

WATER STREET, - - DECATUR, ILL

May 16, 1878—w3mos

CLIFFORD'S

FEBRIFUGE

OR

FEVER AND AGUE

CURE.

ERADICATES ALL MALARIAL DISEASES from the SYSTEM.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop.,

☞ For Sale by All Druggists. ST. LOUIS.

Query:—Why will you smoke a poor 5-cent cigar when you can get "Kepler-Queen," warranted 18 carats fine, for the same money? [April 11-dtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE ONE-PRICE CASH HOUSE

—OF—

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

NO. 25 NORTH WATER STREET.

NEW SPRING

PRINTS!

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLIN,

At Prices from 5 Cents to 12 1-2 Cents.

New CHEVIOTT SHIRTINGS

New Tickings, Denims and Ducks,

New Ginghams, New Cuffs and Collars,

Ruchings, Ties and Bows,

AND THE HANDSOMEST LOT OF EMBROIDERIES,

At 15, 20 and 25 Cents, Ever Shown in the City.

We are Receiving Something NEW Every Day.

Decatur, March 11, 1878 d&wtf

JUST RECEIVED!

CARPETS,

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS!

—AT—

ABEL AND LOCKE'S

CARPET STORE

One Hundred Choice New Styles, Comprising

BRUSSELS of all Qualities,
THREE PLIES,
EXTRA INGRAINS,
TAPESTRY INGRAINS,
TWO PLIES, and
FIVE PLY IMPERIALS,

All Grades, from the Lowest to the Highest, at prices Cheaper than ever before known.

WALL-PAPER

Of all Grades in Patterns adopted to Styles of Carpets.

Embrequins, Lace Curtains & Window Shades

In endless variety. Call early and see our New Stock.

ABEL & LOCKE,

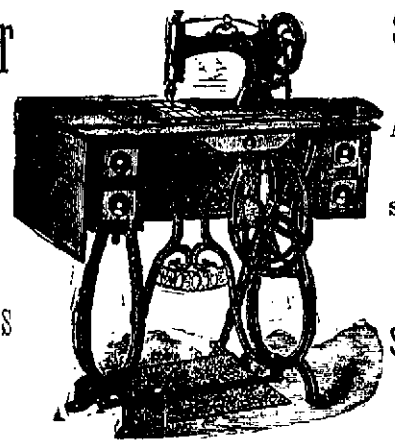
EAST MAIN STREET.

March 27, 1878 d&wtf

GEO. P. BLUME,

DEALER IN

The Singer
WHITE,
VICTOR,
STEWART,
AND
DAUNTLESS
SEWING
MACHINES!



SUPPLIES

AND

ATTACHMENTS.

Sewing Machines

Repaired,

AT THE

SINGER OFFICE,

Opposite Postoffice.

May 13—d&wtf

HARDWARE

—AND—

STOVES.

"CHARTER OAK" COOK STOVES,

FOR COAL AND WOOD,

from the BEST IRON, BEST PATTERNS, WARRANTED TO LAST LONGER, and at as low as any other manufactory, at

CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.

A Choice Stock Building Hardware

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

NAILS, $2.75 PER KEG, CASH.

White Lead, Oils, Chemical Paint, Building Paper, Granite Ware, Tin and Pressed Ware, Clothes Wringers, Barb Fence Wire, Forks, Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels and

MANTLES AND GRATES,

—AT—

CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.

HOW EDISON AMUSES HIMSELF.

Edison the phonograph man, is wretched unless he invents half a dozen things every day. He does it just for amusement when regular business isn't pressing. The other day he went out for a little stroll and he thought out a little plan for walking on one leg so as to rest the other, before he had gone a square.

He hailed a milk wagon and told the driver of a little invention that had popped through his head just that moment for delivering milk without getting out of his wagon or even stopping his horses. A simple force pump, with hose attached, worked by the foot, would do the business. Milkmen who dislike to halt for anything in their career, because it prevents them running over as many children as they might otherwise do, would appreciate this improvement. Edison isn't sure but that sausages and pigs' feet could be delivered in the same way.

He stepped into a hotel office, and, observing the humiliations which guests encountered in seeking to obtain information from the high-toned clerk, he sat down in the reading room, and in five minutes had invented a hotel clerk to work by machinery, warranted to stand behind the counter any length of time desired, and answer all questions with promptness, correctness and suavity—diamond pin on and hair parted in the middle if desired.

Lounging into the billiard-room, he was struck with the needless amount of cushions required to each table. Quick as lightning he thought of a better and more economical plan—cushion the balls! He immediately pulled out a postal card and wrote to Washington applying for a patent.

Imbibing a mint julip in the saloon adjoining, a brilliant idea flashed through his fertile brain, and before he left the place he had invented an instrument that is likely to revolutionize the entire saloon business. It is a machine so constructed that when a person who has just been partaking of some spirituous beverage breathes into it, the action of his breath upon a peculiarly prepared substance (also the invention of Mr. Edison) made to revolve slowly by means of a small crank, makes such an impression, that by applying the lips and turning the crank the other way, the effects of the drink can be reproduced as many times as desired, no matter how great a length of time may have elapsed. A man provided with one of these instruments could prepare himself with cocktails for a long journey simply for the price of one drink. Edison christened it the "toddygraph." Of course the saloons will fight against it bitterly, as it must inevitably destroy the business of ninety-nine out of one hundred of them. A person can mix his drinks just to suit himself and then stock his toddygraph with a supply of different beverages sufficient to last him a lifetime. And when he has drank himself to death with it, his children can bring the instrument out occasionally and revive tender recollections of their parent by turning the crank and getting a whiff of the old man's breath.

A capital assistant the toddygraph would be to the temperance cause. Wives, whose husbands let on that they don't drink, could have one ready to test them with when they come home late at night. The genuineness of a Murphyite's reformation could also be determined by it. And how easy to expose the fraudulent temperance lecturer. It wouldn't answer for some of them to get within a quarter of a mile of one.

When Edison started to go out he had to pass the barber shop of the hotel, and, as he did so, he sighed to think that, with all his genius, and creative imagination, he could never hope to equal the knight of the razor as a talking machine. This saddened him so that he went home and invented no more that day.

FASHION NOTES.

The most stylish slippers are without bows or buckles.

Black parasols lined with white or cardinal red are very stylish.

All the kilt walking dresses have a broad sash across the front.

Old time black silks with watered stripes are again fashionable.

Dark green window shades are used by the best house furnishers

White will be more generally worn this summer than for a long time.

Face veils are of black net, dotted with jet or amber beads, and fringed on the edge.

Stockings for wearing with slippers are of solid colors, richly embroidered up the front.

Handkerchiefs with colored borders are among the novelties.

Linen collars and cuffs are embroidered with colored cotton.

Grenadine dresses are trimmed profusely with silk of the same shade of the dress.

Brocaded grenadines of two distinct colors are handsome materials for summer dresses.

New books are finished off with silver edges, instead of gilt.

Lyons black silk can be bought as cheap as 95 cents a yard.

High back combs are made of solid tortoise shell, with no carving.

The "Wellington" is a jaunty, new, short-skirted, walking dress.

Many black suits are decorated with small gilt buttons, especially those suits with which a vest is worn.

A large lot of Hamburg Edgings, just received and very cheap, at

Feb[illegible]

CATARRH

IS IT CURABLE?

THOSE who have suffered from the various and complicated forms of disease assumed by Catarrh, and have tried many physicians and remedies without relief or cure, await the answer to this question with considerable anxiety. And well they may; for no disease that can be mentioned is so universally prevalent and so destructive to health as Catarrh. Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, and serious and frequently fatal affections of the lungs follow, in many instances, a case of simple but neglected Catarrh. Other sympathetic affections, such as deafness, impaired eyesight, and loss of sense of smell, may be referred to as minor but nevertheless serious results of neglected Catarrh, bad enough in themselves, but as nothing compared with the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs likely to follow.

IT CAN BE CURED.

IT can be cured. There is no doubt about it. The immediate relief afforded by SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH is but a slight evidence of what may follow a persistent use of this remedy. The hard, incrusted matter that has lodged in the nasal passages is removed with a few applications; the ulceration and inflammation subdued and healed; the entire membranous linings of the head are cleansed and purified. Constitutionally its action is that of a powerful purifying agent, destroying in its course through the system the *crude poison*, the destructive agent in catarrhal diseases.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

Gentlemen,—My case is briefly as follows: I have had Catarrh for ten years, each year with increasing severity. For nine years I had not breathed through one nostril. I had droppings in the throat, a very bad cough, asthma so bad as to be obliged to take a remedy for it at night before being able to lie down and sleep, and a constant dull pain in my head. My head was at times so full of catarrhal matter as to injure my sense of hearing and compel me to get up several times in the night to clear it and my throat before I could sleep. Every one of these distressing symptoms has disappeared under the use of not quite three bottles of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE. My hearing is fully restored. I have no asthmatic symptoms, no cough, no droppings in the throat, no headache, and in every way better than I have been for years. I could feel the effects of the CURE on my appetite, on my kidneys, and, in fact, every part of my system. What has been done in my case is wholly the effect of the RADICAL CURE. Very respectfully,

FITCHBURG, Oct. 1?. C. H. LAWRENCE.

Indorsed by a Prominent Druggist.

I hereby certify that Mr. Lawrence purchased the RADICAL CURE of me, and from time to time made me familiar with his case. I believe his statement to be true in every particular.

FITCHBURG, Oct. 1?. JAS. P. DERBY.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price, $1. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pains and aches in the World of Medicine.

REFERENCES.

Dr. E. M. Riker, Montgomery, O.
Mrs. Frances Herriman, Orland, Me.
Haskell Lewis, Esq., Milford, Del.
Mrs. Richard Gorman, Lynchburg, Va.
J. B. Sammis, Esq., Winona, Minn.
Mrs. J. A. Tuzzie, Memphis, Tenn.
H. B. Gooch, Esq., Oswego, Kan.
Dr. Willard Collins, Bucksport, Me.
O. W. Bostwick, Esq., Mt. Sterling, O.
Mrs. Eliza Young, Cambridge, Mass.
Francis Baker, Esq., Cincinnati, O.
Mrs. J. M. Robinson, E. Orrington, Me.
N. Shiverick, Esq., "Independent" Office, N. Y.
Mrs. Eliza J. Duffield, Hume, Ill.
Geo. Gray, Esq., Monticello, Minn.
Mrs. Chas. Rounds, Woodhull, Ill.
W. H. H. McKinney, Morrow, O.
Mrs. R. L. Stevens, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Wm. E. Simms, Madisonville, Ky.
Mrs. E. Bredell, St. Louis, Mo.
Mortimer Lyon, Esq., San Francisco, Cal.
And hundreds of others.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS

Cure when all other remedies fail. Copies of letters detailing some astonishing cures when all other remedies had been tried without success, will be mailed free, so that correspondence may be had if desired. For the cure of Lame Back and weaknesses peculiar to females, COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS are superior to all other external remedies.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Be careful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER lest you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

WANTED.—Energetic persons to canvass Decatur for the "Magic Self-Lighting Gas Burner," entirely new, and attracts attention everywhere. A good chance to make money. For particulars, address

S. C. TALLMADGE, Gen'l Agent,
124 La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois

Feb[illegible]d322 b—

I would not die in autumn,
With peaches fit for eating,
When wavy korn is getting ripe
& kandidates are treeting.
Phor these and other reasons
I'd not dye in the phall;
&, sense I've thought it over,
I wud not dye at all.
—*Rejected manuscripts, Scribner's*

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Norman & Clydesdale

HORSES,

Consisting of

Stallions, Brood Mares and Fillies.

THE subscriber will sell at auction, at his farm near WARRENSBURG, ILLS., on

Thursday, June 20, '78,

35 HEAD

Of Norman and Clydesdale Horses.

The lot will consist of five head of Stallions, from one to three years old, and brood mares and fillies of various ages, ranging from half-bloods to 15-16 bred.

TERMS.—Six months' credit, with eight per cent. interest

☞ Catalogues on application.

The Imported Norman French Horse,

NIGER,

Will Stand at my Farm.

Terms, $16 to Insure.

THOMAS C. STERRETT.

May 15 wtd Warrensburg, Ills.

John H. Ebert & Bro.

DEALERS IN

STOVES,

Tin and Hardware,

—AND—

House Furnishing

GOODS.

We are offering First-Class Cooking Stoves at very low figures.

We also pay special attention to

JOB WORK!

Of all kinds, such as

Tin and Slate Roofing, and Spouting of Every Description.

We also make a Specialty of

☞ GAS FITTING, ☜

And Repairing of the same.

Call and see us at our place of business.

Opera Block,

Water Street, Decatur, Ill.

JOHN H. EBERT & BRO

Decatur, April 11, 1878—w1y

DECATUR

Vinegar Factory!

WE NOW MANUFACTURE AND HAVE for sale

Pure Cider and White Wine Vinegar,

FOR THE TRADE.

We pay Cash for Hard Cider and fallen apples, delivered at our Factory opposite our brewery on South Broadway, Decatur, Illinois.

Harpstrite & Shlaudeman.

May 8—d1y

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors,

South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois

March 15, 1878—d&wtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORGANS—Highest honors at all World's Exhibitions. LATEST CATALOGUES and CIRCULARS, with new styles, reduced prices and much information, sent free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities* and *excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring*. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, inclosing 16c. to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

COMPOUND OXYGEN—The new cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Headache, Dyspepsia*, and all Chronic Diseases, by a *remarkable process*.

REMARKABLE CURES have been and are being effected, which are *attracting the critical attention*.

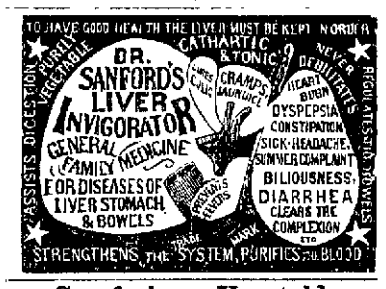
STRONGLY ENDORSED by the Hon. JUDGE KELLEY, T. S. ARTHUR, Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR, and others who have used this Treatment.

SENT FREE! Brochure (200 pp.) with many testimonials to *most remarkable cures*. DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1112 Girard St., Phila.

$50 FOR A CASE OF CATARRH That SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for Catarrh will not instantly relieve and speedily cure. References, Henry Wells, Esq., Wells, Fargo & Co., Aurora, N. Y.; Wm. Bowen, Esq., Mallatton, Grant & Bowen, St. Louis. Testimonials and treatise by mail. Price, with improved Inhaler, $1. Sold everywhere. WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

$50

PIANO—Another *battle on high prices*. War with *monopolists* renewed. See Beatty's latest Newspaper for full reply *sent free*. Before buying PIANO or ORGAN read my latest circular. Beatty's celebrated Pianos and Organs, beautiful Instruments! Challenge comparison! Rivals are jealous of my success! Most successful house in America! Commenced a few years ago without a dollar, sales now nearly $2,000,000 annually. Lowest prices ever given, elegant Rosewood Pianos $135, 16 Stop Church Organs, $115. WAR tremendous bargains now ready. WAR Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.



Graefenberg Vegetable

PILLS

Have been acknowledged for over Thirty Years to be a certain cure for HEADACHE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, DISEASES OF DIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, AND FEVERS OF ALL KINDS. These PILLS act with great mildness, and will restore health to those suffering from GENERAL DEBILITY and NERVOUSNESS. Price 25c. per Box. Send for Almanac.

Graefenberg Co. 56 Reade St. N.Y

May 16—w4w

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County.

In the County Court of Macon County, June Term, A. D. 1878.

IN the matter of the estate of Benjamin C. Bedford, deceased, public notice is hereby given to Benjamin F. Bedford, Jeptha G. Bedford, Nancy L. Connelly, Margaret T. Pickrell, Thomas Bedford, Alpheus L. Bedford and Benjamin F. Bedford, jr., that at the June term of the County Court of Macon county, to be holden at the court-house in Decatur, in said county, commencing on the third Monday in June, A. D. 1878, and on the 3rd day of said term, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be had, I will present to said court my final report as executor of said estate, and will, there and then, make a motion to said court for an order approving said report, and to be discharged from the further exercise of my said office of executor, at which time and place you are notified to appear if you wish.

JAMES H. PICKRELL, Executor.

May 16, 1878—w2w

MEN WANTED, earning $120 per month. To a few men to sell our goods to DEALERS. Travelling Expenses Paid. NO PEDDLING. YEARLY CONTRACT. O. S. TEA IMPORTING CO., 145 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HAWORTH'S CHECK ROWER,

—MANUFACTURED BY—

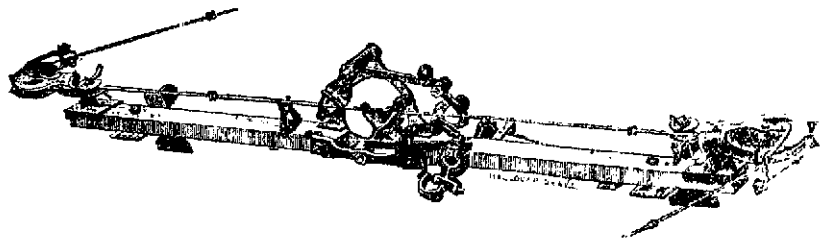
HAWORTH & SONS,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

THE FIRST AND ONLY SUCCESSFUL CHECK ROWER EVER INVENTED.

CAN BE ATTACHED TO ANY CORN PLANTER.

We especially call attention to our NEW CENTER MOVEMENT CHECK ROWER, which we offer to the trade the coming year, combining all the points developed in our long experience in the business, and will be found to possess qualities of great merit. Our experience and experiments for the past ten years in various material, such as wire, wire rope, hemp rope, chain, etc., from which to form a good line for a perfect checking Check Rower, has demonstrated beyond question that the only thing that will answer all requirements is a cotton rope well prepared. The cotton rope is flexible enough to admit of passing continually around the pulleys of the Check Rower without injury, thus enabling it to be moved across the machine, depositing it just where it should be to be taken up in a direct line on recrossing the field. This feature is of the utmost importance—it is vital; because transferring the lines across the planter at a fixed angle is the only way that it will measure correctly. *Swinging it from one side*, as would otherwise have to be done, causes constant irregularities of measure and side draft. Our Check rowers are now provided with *Self-Adjusting Pulleys and Rope Guides*, which enable the operator to plant the entire field without removing the rope from the machine, and to readily turn around without getting off the planter.



CENTER MOVEMENT CHECK ROWER.

This movement requires a knot for each row, and either 3 feet 6, 3 feet 8, or 3 feet 10 rope will work on the same bar.

We call your attention to the following letter from Mr. C. E. Connard, of Elwin, Ill., who used one of the first Check Rowers we ever made in 1869, and has been using them ever since:

A Testimonial Letter:

ELWIN, ILLINOIS, April 8th, 1878.

Messrs. Haworth & Sons, Decatur, Illinois:

In reply to yours of the 8th inst., I would state that after having used the New Center Movement Check Rower for several days, I would consider it an improvement over the old Check Rower, (which I have used for several years,) because, first, by reason of the arrangement by which the Planter may be turned round at the ends without removing the rope, at least one-half the time in turning is saved, and the construction of the dropper is such that not more than one-half the weight is required to drop than was by the old, thus allowing the rope to run more slack, and avoiding its being pulled back and forth in dropping. I have planted at a distance of 30 rods from the end without the rope secured by a pin, the weight of the rope dropping. By running the rope loose the wear is much less, is another advantage, as well as it prevents the side draft incident to working with a tight rope.

Yours, truly, C. E. CONNARD.

BAXTER SPRINGS, KANSAS, April 18, 1878.

Messrs. Haworth & Sons, Decatur, Illinois.

GENTS:—Your Center Movement Check Rower works splendid, every one that has seen it at work wants one.

Yours, respectfully, F. T. WRIGHT.

LOUISVILLE, CLAY CO., ILLINOIS, April 30, 1878.

Messrs. Haworth & Sons, Decatur, Illinois.

The Center Movement Check Rower I received of you is all right. I did not get to use it until to-day. There is one thing about your new machine that is a great improvement over the old one. I notice that every knot is the same distance apart as the hill of corn, thereby avoiding and doing away with the rope stretching. I used one of the old style Check Rowers in Christian county for two years. I was not aware that you had made an improvement on them, but I believe it is a good one, as I think the time saved in turning without removing rope from planter will enable a person to plant two acres more per day, besides it works much easier and cannot be thrown from pulleys in stalks and other obstacles that may be in the field.

Yours, respectfully, C. T. MINER.

May 9—d&wtf

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE OLD RELIABLE

FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA R.R. LINE.

CONTINUOUS ALL-RAIL ROUTE!
NO CHANGE OF CARS!
ONE ROAD, ONE MANAGEMENT!

From CHICAGO to
PITTSBURGH, HARRISBURG,
BALTIMOR, WASHINGTON,
PHILADLPHIA & NEW YORK.
Great Short Line!

TO BOSTON
VIA NEW YORK CITY.
Reaches all Points in Philadelphia and New Jersey.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS!

MAGNIFICENT CARS
Equipped with the Celebrated
WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKES,
—AND—
JANNY'S NEW PATENT SAFETY PLATFORM AND COUPLER.

ELEGANT EATING HOUSES
WITH AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS.

3 EXPRESS TRAINS
LEAVE CHICAGO AS FOLLOWS:

8.00 A. M. Special Fast Express, Except Sunday.
With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 2:30 A. M.; Harrisburg, 11:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 4.00 P. M.; New York, 6:45 P. M.; Boston, 6:15 A. M.; Baltimore, 6.30 P. M.; Washington, 9.00 P. M., next day.

5:15 P. M. ATLANTIC EXPRESS, DAILY.
With Drawing-Room and Hotel Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 12:10 P. M.; Harrisburg, 10.55 P. M.; Philadelphia, 3:35 A. M.; New York, 6:45 A. M.; Special Philadelphia Sleeping Car on this train, which remains in depot until 7.30 A. M., affording Philadelphia passengers a full night's rest.

9.10 P. M. NIGHT EXP., EXCEPT SATURDAY.
With Drawing-Room Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 7:30 P. M.; Harrisburg, 3:50 A. M.; Baltimore, 7:45 A. M.; Washington, 9:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 8:00 A. M.; New York, 10:35 P. M.; Boston, 8.10 P. M. Through Baltimore and Washington Sleeping Car on this train.

Fare always as Low as any Other Line.

☞ Through Tickets for Sale at all principal points in the West. Ask for them via the Ft. WAYNE & PENNSYLVANIA LINE.

F. R. MYERS,
Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., CHICAGO.
Feb 27, 1878—wly

"The Washington City Route."

Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST
AND
ONLY DIRECT ROUTE
TO
Washington & Baltimore
WITH DIRECT CONNECTIONS FOR
Richmond, Lynchburg, Norfolk,
AND
THE SOUTHEAST,
Philadelphia, New York, Boston,
AND
THE EAST.

TRAVELERS DESIRING A
Speedy, Pleasant and Comfortable Trip
SHOULD REMEMBER THAT THE
BALTIMORE & OHIO R.R.
IS CELEBRATED FOR ITS
Elegant Coaches, Splendid Hotels, Grand and Beautiful Mountain and Valley Scenery, and the many Points of Historical interest along Its Line.

The Fare will Always be as Low
AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
RUN THROUGH
WITHOUT CHANGE
BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL
WESTERN AND EASTERN CITIES.

For Through Tickets, Baggage Checks, Movement of Trains, Sleeping Car Accommodations Etc., apply at Ticket Offices at all principal points NORTH, SOUTH, EAST or WEST.

P. R. DORSEY, Ass't Gen Ticket Ag't.	L. M. COLE, Gen. Tick. Ag't.
THOS. P. BARRY, Western Pass. Agent.	THOS. R. SHARP, Mast. of Transp'n.

LADIES
Wishing to purchase
SPRING HATS
—AND—
BONNETS,
Are cordially invited call at
No. 6 Water Street,
AND INSPECT
Mrs. D. S. Wilkinson's
Choice and Elegant Patterns.
Decatur, April 26, 1878—d&wtf

H. F. CHILDS,
Veterinary Surgeon
Professional calls made at any hour during the day or night. Office at Hildebrandt's Drug Store. Aug16'77-wtf

Flax Straw Wanted!

FARMERS,
WE WILL PAY
$6.00 PER TON

For CLEAN ROLLED or TRAMPED FLAX STRAW, delivered at our factory, until December 1st, 1878. We advise all who raise flax to sow on *good, dry ground*, and to *cut close to the earth*, in order to insure a good yield of straw. Clean seed can be had at the Decatur Oil Mill at $1.70 per bushel, seed taken out of crop when delivered.

DECATUR BAGGING CO.
Decatur, Feb. 7, 1878—w3mos

ST. NICHOLAS

LIVERY, FEED
AND SALE STABLE.
FIFST CLASS OUTFITS.
Jul1'77-wtf N. LAUX & BRO

DO NOT
MORTGAGE
YOUR FARM

Until you have called upon us and learned the advantages we can offer you over other parties.

INTEREST AT 9 PER CENT

And on time to suit. Interest and Principal payable at our BANKING HOUSE.

Peddecord & Burrows,
BANKERS,
Deatur, Illinois.
Apr27'76-wtf

M. A. MYER,
HOUSE, SIGN AND
FRESCO PAINTER!
GLAZIER,
GRAINER AND PAPER HANGER.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Shop over Quinlan & Bro's Carpet Store, East Main Street, Decatur, Illinois.
Mar17'70-1y

TRADE MARK. "VIBRATOR." Reg. March 31, 1874.

THE ORIGINAL & ONLY GENUINE
"Vibrator" Threshers,
WITH IMPROVED
MOUNTED HORSE POWERS,
And Steam Thresher Engines.
Made only by
NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all Rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.

GRAIN Raisers will not Submit to the enormous wastage of Grain & the inferior work done by the other machines, when once posted on the difference.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often 3 to 5 times that amount) can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

NO Revolving Shafts Inside the Separator. Entirely free from Beaters, Pickers, Raddles, and all such time-wasting and grain-wasting complications. Perfectly adapted to all Kinds and Conditions of Grain, Wet or Dry, Long or Short, Headed or Bound.

NOT only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and like Grains, but the only successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes no Litterings or Scatterings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, ranging from Six to Twelve horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. A special size Separator made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, with Valuable Improvements and Distinctive Features, far beyond any other make or kind.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "Vibrator" Thresher Outfits are Incomparable.

FOR Particulars, call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York. P. O. Box 4586.

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—Importers' prices—Largest Company in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, Pres't of the Original American Tea Co., 43 Vesey street, N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.
Feb 19—d&w8mos.

HENRY EBERT,
Cor. of Prairie and Water Streets,
HAS a full line of Candies, Fruits, Nuts, etc., and a very complete stock of Cigars and Tobacco. He invites all his friends to give him a call. oct31-d6mo

LAST DAYS OF JACKSON.

As Described by an Old Servant Who Saw Him Die.

A reporter of the *American* visited the other day Hannah Jackson, colored, relict of Rev. Aaron Jackson, who recently died at the age of 92 years. He found her at No. 161 South Summer street, where she resides with a daughter. The reporter told Aunt Hannah that he desired to obtain from her reminiscences of her earlier life in connection with the Hermitage. She said she was growing old, and could not tell it as straight as her Aaron (her late husband) could. Aaron knew it all, and it was often that they sat by the fire and talked over old times, when they were with Marse Jackson. They were always treated like white folks. She said, as the tears rolled down her cheeks: "Marse Jackson was a father to us servants, he was so good and kind to us. The morning he died the house was crowded and the whole yard. Two hundred and fourteen darkies were living on his place. It was very distressing. They tried to carry me out when old marse was dying, and he told them to let me alone. You see, I had always waited on him, and he warn't going to drive me out. 'No,' he said, 'let Hannah remain if she wants to,' and I did. I wasn't going to surrender my place to any one, though I was so full of grief all the time that I could hardly stay in the room. Every morning Dr. Esselman told me to get a fresh egg and mix it with milk and brown sugar and let old marse eat it. I did it regularly. When I came in, Friday morning morning, with that egg and brown sugar and milk. I says to George Harris, 'Is old master asleep?' He says 'no.' George looked me in the face and said, 'Hannah, you will soon be done totin' this in to old master.' And then Saturday morning I carried it in again. Old marse didn't take it for some time, and when he did it was a long swill, like it went down so heavy. I can't tell you what I felt then," and the aged woman wept like a child. "I knew death was mighty nigh when he couldn't take that little bit of a morsel. Sunday morning I didn't see any change in him. Marse Andrew asked if he knew them all. 'Yes,' he said; 'I know you all, though I can't see you.' And they brought him his specs, and he said he recognized them all. The first thing I knew George Harris cried 'Oh!' and it was repeated back to the kitchen. Old marse was not dead, but his breath had stopped. All crowded into the room when Dr. Esselmen said they must go out. The doctor gave him something and it revived him up, and he lived until 8 o'clock in the evening. White and black were all standing in the room together just before he died. No distinction was shown in the eyes of old master. Turning his eyes to where me and George were standing, he said, 'And here's poor George and Hannah; they have been faithful servants to me. I have left it so you will be well taken care of as long as there is a bit of property left.' He then called Mrs. Adams up and told her he had fully provided for her and she would not suffer anything. Just before he died he preached his own sermon. He said: 'My friends, Christ is no respecter of persons, and what I say to one I say to all, and I have a right to the tree of life; prepare to meet in heaven, where I am going.' And now all cried out 'Look! look!' and old marse was dead. His soul went straight up to heaven; I know it did; and my husband has gone up to meet him, and I won't be long here. My husband always said old master preached his own funeral. And he did, too. George Harris and me were head waiters, and we could not help crying bitterly when the last spark went out and old master's spirit was taken up into heaven by the angels of God."—*Nashville American.*

A Novel Way of Balancing an Account.

Baron R——, one of the gravest and most decorous Judges on the Irish bench, had a young brother singularly unlike him, who was a perpetual thorn in his side. A scapegrace at school, the youth would learn nothing, and was the torment of his teachers. Having been set a sum by one of the latter, he, after an undue delay, presented himself before the desk and held up his slate, at one corner of which appeared a pile of coppers.

"What is the meaning of all this, sir?" said the master.

"Oh!" cried the youth, "I'm very sorry, sir, but I really can't help it. All the morning I've been working at a sum. Over and over again I've tried, but in spite of all I can do it will not come right. So I've made up the difference in half-pence, and there it is on the slate."

The originality of the device disarmed the wrath of the pedagogue, and young R—— was dismissed with his coppers to his place.

Don't You Forget It?—For if you are BILIOUS, or are troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA or CONSTIPATION, MALARION WILL CURE YOU. 75 cents per bottle. All druggists sell it.
Dec. 6—wtf

DAVIS NURSERIES.

150,000 Apple trees, all sizes; 200,000 Hedge Plants, large size; 50,000 Maples and Evergreens, fine; 10,000 Concord Grapes, strong; 25,000 Peach, Cherry, Pear, small fruits and ornamental shrubs. Prices and catalogues free. ORDER NOW. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur, same day they are dug—"an item."

H. W. DAVIS,
Box 141, Decatur, Ill.

N. B.—High bred fowls and eggs for sale. feb81877weowtf.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

Come, listen awhile to me, my lad,
Come, listen to me for a spell?
Let that terrible drum
For a moment be dumb
For your uncle is going to tell
What befell
A youth that loved liquor too well.

A clever young man was he, my lad,
And with beauty uncommonly blessed,
Ere with brandy and wine
He began to decline,
And behaved like a person possessed:
I protest
The temperance plan is the best.

One evening he went to a tavern, my lad,
He went to a tavern, one night,
And, drinking too much
Rum, brandy and such,
The chap got exceedingly "tight;"
And was quite
What your aunt would entitle a "fright."

The fellow fell into a snooze, my lad,
'Tis a horrible slumber he takes—
He trembles with fear,
And acts very queer;
My eyes! how he shivers and shakes
When he wakes,
And raves about horrid great snakes!

'Tis a warning to you and to me, my lad
A particular caution to all—
Though no one can see
The viper but he—
To hear the poor lunatic bawl,
"How they crawl!
All over the floor and the wall"

Next morning he took to his bed, my lad,
Next morning he took to his bed;
And he never got up.
To dine or to sup,
Though properly physicked and bled;
And I read
Next day the poor fellow was dead.

You've heard of the snake in the grass, my lad
Of th viper concealed in the grass,
But now you must know,
Man's deadliest foe
Is a snake of a different class
Alas!
'Tis the viper that lurks in the glass"

HOW AMERICAN LADIES ARE VICTIMIZED ABROAD.

Olive Logan has written many times protesting against the quantity of jewels American ladies appear with in public abroad, comparing the practice with the quietness which distinguishes ladies of rank in Europe. In her last letter to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, she describes how they lose by it:

An extraordinary revelation has been made in respect to the robberies which, as many Americans know to their cost, have been going on for some time at the Langham Hotel. The nephew of a lord, a gentleman by birth and education, an officer on a pension, has been discovered to be the thief, and sentenced to five years' penal servitude for a series of robberies at the Langham and other London hotels. His name is Walter de Winton Van, and he is only 33 years old, and is a most gentlemanly-looking man, of refined manners and address. I know him well by sight myself, from the circumstances of his having "tried it on" with an American lady at the Langham on the last Derby day. She was waiting for her husband to come to take her to the Derby, and was adorned, as most wealthy American ladies are, with a good deal of jewelry, diamond ring, ear rings, bracelets, etc., when the engaged looking gentleman walked up to her to the vestibule of the hotel and addressed her in a winning way, saying he had the honor of being presented to her "last year at Scarborough." The lady's reply was that he was quite mistaken, as she had never been at Scarborough and had never met him elsewhere. He bowed and retired, but for days and days he kept up a little game of being hopelessly smitten, by despairing eyeglances, the annoymous sending of small bunches of violets, and all that sort of thing. He was so persistent at it that I believe she did have a few little chats with him, though she never would confess it. She lost an exceedingly valuable diamond pin before she returned to America, but as she could not tell whether that disappeared in London or Paris it would not do to make any charges. When the detectives arrested this man they discovered not less than 100 pawn tickets, representing articles of great value. His counsel pleaded that he was of aristocratic connections and in ill health, and had only his pension of £70 a year to live upon. The judge very properly said that he saw herein no excuse whatever for dishonest practices, and sentenced him to penal servitude for five years.

Wall-Paper! Wall-Paper!!

Five thousand rolls just received direct from the manufacturers, elegant designs, and the very latest styles, at the *very lowest prices.* Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere; it will pay you.—We will take pleasure in showing you, even though you do not purchase.—Remember the place, next door west of Postoffice, at J. S. HAND & Co.'s Book and Music Store.

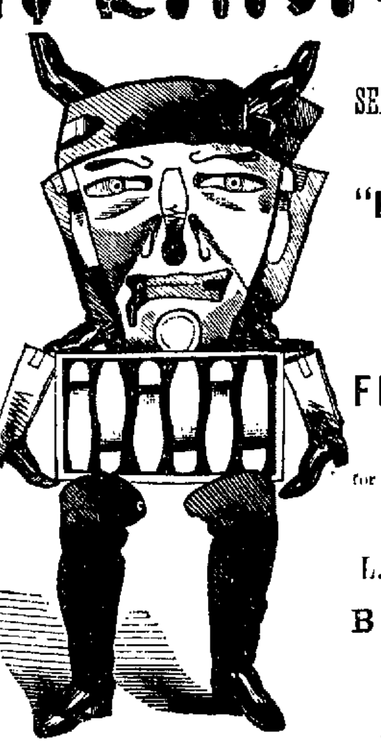
Also Window Shades and Fixtures, a full assortment. [mar7wtf

Dermal cures chapped hands and lips, and all chafing, redness, roughness or soreness of the skin at once.. It is delightfully perfumed, pleasant to use, and costs but 25 cents per bottle. All druggists keep it.
Dec 6—wtf

When You Buy Homeopathic Medicines be sure you get the regular preparations, such as physicians use. A full line of these on hand from Luytics Homœopathic Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur Ills.
apr26—w1y.

Newest Patterns of Smith's "ENGLISH" Tapestry Ingrains, $1 00 per yard, at
Dec 24. d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

L. L. FERRISS,



DOWN COME
THE PRICES OF
BURT'S
BOOTS
AND
SHOES.

Don't think of buying anything else, as the prices of BURT'S are now so Low that all can afford to wear them.

L. L. Ferriss,
Exclusive Agent,
NO. 18
EAST MAIN STREET
DECATUR, ILL.
Dec. 18, 1877—dtf

OUR STOCK OF
SEASONABLE GOODS
Now Complete.
"HARD-PAN" PRICES.
They all go to
FERRISS'S
SHOE STORE
for entire satisfaction in foot-gear.
L. L. FERRIS,
BOOT
AND
SHOEIST
Decatur, Illinois.

An Entire New Stock
—OF—
CORSETS!

Manufactured expressly for my trade, just received.

THE DOUBLE BUSK CORSET.
TUTTLE'S EXTENSION CORSET,
BORTREE'S HIP-FITTING CORSET.
LADIES' AND MISSES' COMFORT CORSETS,
MRS. MOODIE'S ABDOMINAL CORSET.

And a great many Styles which I WARRANT CANNOT BE BOUGHT IN THIS CITY FOR THE MONEY I WILL SELL THEM. The Best Selected Stock of

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,
LADIES' LINEN DRESSES AND PARASOLS,
Ladies' White Underwear and Kid Gloves,
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK.
—ASK FOR THE—
American Beauty and the Princess of Wales
The Cheapest Glove for the money.

BERLIN ZEPHYRS!
Germantown Yarns, Crewel Wool in all Shades,
Canvas Aplique Patterns, Scrap Pictures,

And a Large Variety of Goods, which the ladies will find to their advantage to buy.

M. GOLDBURG,
NO. 8 MERCHANT STREET.
April 10, 1878—d&w3mos

THE WHEELER & WILSON No. 8.

The NO. 8 is not the old style WHEELER & WILSON Sewing Machine improved or changed, but is an entirely new invention. The old style Wheeler & Wilson has a curved needle—the NO. 8 has a STRAIGHT ONE. In the old style Wheeler & Wilson the work feeds to the right; in the NO. 8 it feeds back, or to the operator.

The NO. 8 possesses many points of superiority over any other machine. It is, taking everything into consideration, the cheapest machine in the market. All those interested in sewing machines will do well to examine this marvel of mechanical ingenuity. Liberal terms given to sewing machine dealers residing in unoccupied territory. Address

Wheeler & Wilson Mf'g Co., Chicago, Ill.
April 26, 1878-d&w1w.

BUY ONLY
THE
NEW AMERICAN
It is the Only Sewing Machine which has a
SELF-THREADING SHUTTLE

It has Self-Setting Needle.
Never Breaks the Thread.
Never Skips Stitches.
Is the Lightest Running.

THE SIMPLEST, THE MOST DURABLE, AND IN EVERY RESPECT
THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!

The "NEW AMERICAN" is easily learned, does not get out of order, and will do more work with less labor than any other machine. Illustrated Circular furnished on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

J. S. McKENNEY, Manager, Office and Salesroom, 244 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

DENNIS & REA, AGENTS,
South Side Central Park, Decatur, Ill.
Jan. 24, 1878—w1y.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XI. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1878. NO. 42

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEORGE R. SHIRLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

...mpt attention given to all kinds of collec-...ons. Money to loan on real estate
Mar 5,1878 -d&wtf

J. N. RANDALL, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office Northwest corner of North Main and Prairie streets, just west of the Postoffice.
April 25,1878 wtf

DR. J. M. BLYTHE.

DENTIST.

...Opera Block, over H. B. Lewis's gro-...store. Residence, southwest cor. William and Monroe streets. All work warranted.
April 20 1878 d&wtf

JEAN L. WEBB,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

...Master in Chancery, Decatur, Illinois. ...Water street Up-stairs.
Apr. 3, 1878 -d&wtf

JACOB B. CURTIS,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

No. ... North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. ...ections a Specialty.
REFERENCES -Peddicord & Burrows, bankers; J. Millikin & Co., bankers; A. T. Hill, National Bank; John Ullrich, wholesale grocer; J. R. Race & Co., clothiers; Linn & Scruggs, merchants; Capt. R. P. Lytle, Postmaster.
Dec 16, 1877 d&wtf

FRANK W. HAINES,

BILL POSTER, DISTRIBUTOR.

—AND—

AGENT SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE,

...be found on inquiry at the REPUBLICAN ...Printing Room.

S. J. BUMSTEAD, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OCULIST AND AURIST

...essor to Dr. J. W. Routh, Decatur. Office ...East Main street, formerly occupied by Drs ... Residence No 22 West Eldorado street.
May28'77-d&w3m.

JOSIAH M. CLOKEY,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

Office over the Decatur National Bank. Special attention to matters in Probate and Chancery. Decatur, Ill., Apr. 9,'77. d&wly

DAWKINS & CUNNINGHAM,
R. C. Dawkins, A. B. Cunningham.

DENTISTS,

Office over Rucker, Hammer & Co's Bank, Decatur, Illinois Dec26wtf

A. ROBERTSON SMALL, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office No. 8 East Main street, up stairs. Residence No. 17 South Union street, Decatur, Ill. Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. Mar28'77wtf

MAXWELL & WALKER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

...Notaries Public. Deeds, Mortgages and ...kinds of contracts written. Loans negotiated at ... per cent. interest on farm property in Macon and adjoining counties. All ...call and see us. Office one door ...Office. Sep16'76-d&wtf

BUNN & PARK, D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

... No. 11 East Main street, up stairs, Decatur, Illinois April1'76-dtf

BROWN & TAIT,
John A. Brown. Master in Chancery. Felix B. Tait. Notary Public

Attorneys-at-Law,

Office 29 North Water street, over Fenton's ...Drug Store, Decatur, Ill. Collections and ...legal business promptly attended to.
...d&wly

P. B. SPARKS, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

Office over Post Office, Decatur, Ill. All calls promptly responded to in the city or country, day or night. Residence No. 40 West Wood street. Aug16'76-dtf

DR. A. S. WALTZ,

DENTIST

Office over Barber & Co's Shoe Store, East Main street. Residence No. 49 North Main street, Decatur, Illinois. Jun18'73-d6m*

T. S. HOSKINS,

DENTIST,

Offers his professional services to the people of Decatur and vicinity. Work guaranteed or ...quality. Office over Hellman's grocery ... Merchant street, Decatur, Illinois.
...'76d&wtf

H. ... PASCO,

...torney at Law,

...Notary Public, Solicitor of Collections, ...and War Claims. Office over Bush...store, East Main street, Decatur, Ill. ...ention given to Bankruptcy and ...ecting business. Jun1'77-d&wtf

B. ... RITT,

Atto...rney-at-Law,

...southeast corner of the Old Square, & ...office former...ly occupied by S. G. Mason, ...W. C. A...rmstrong's Drug Store.
...d&wly

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER,
E. R. Eldridge, J. C. Hostetler.

ATTORNEY...S-AT-LAW,

...over Newell & Ham...mer's Grocery Store.

BROWER BUNN,

Attorney and Couns...elor-at-Law,

...in Central Block, over W... ...ingate's 1 ...up ...Merchant street. Aug3'75...

... BUCKINGHAM,

ATTORNEY-AT-L...AW,

Office over Hildebrandt's Drug Store, Decatur ...Illinois, ... April ...3'72dtf

Partnership.

MRS. F. S. AUNGST AND MR. W. McNab, partners as

F. S. AUNGST & CO.,

...ontinue the business of the late E. S. ...Aungst at the same rooms, on the

WEST SIDE OF THE OLD SQUARE.

Feb. 18, 1878 -d&w3mo

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

CANDIDATES for the fall election are coming to the surface.

YOU can save money by buying medicines of Irwin, west of Postoffice.

MR. R. LIDDLE, the enterprising merchant in court-house block, is having the under side of his awning repainted.

PARENTS, send your children to Irwin's drug store. All goods warranted.

KEEP in mind the State Sunday school convention which opens in this city on Tuesday, May 21st.

THE 'bus line to the depot is doing a good business.

THE LAUX BROS. are doing a big job at repairs inside their hotel. From a small beginning the thing branched out until it took in nearly every room in the house. The boys are having a good run of trade.

"CHEAP CHARLEY" has something new to say to the people to-day, as will be seen by reference to his advertisement.

STRAWBERRY vines in this vicinity are heavily burdened with green fruit. The home supply will be ready for market by the time shipments from the south are over.

MR. D. C. SHOCKLEY is building a boulevard in front of his new house at the corner of William and Church streets.

UNCLE DAVY MARTEN, the lime man, will have one of the nobbiest offices in town when it is done. It is built of brick, and is situated at the south end of his lime house, fronting Cerro Gordo st.

CHAMPAIGN has had a big scare over a report that a lady of that city had the spotted fever, when upon learning the facts in the case the woman was suffering from neuralgia.

AT Abel & Locke's the ladies will find a large and select lot of carpet goods, lambrequins, curtain goods and fixtures, all at bottom prices.

MR. H. P. BEACH, of Warrensburg, opened a bed of potatoes which he buried last fall, and on the top of the straw covering the potatoes were new ones as large as hen's eggs, which he cooked and ate.

THE Young Bros. are busy as bees in getting in their stock of groceries ... Newell & Hammer's old stand. They are getting in an immense stock, and will soon be ready for business. Their place of business is as neat as a newly fitted parlor, and their goods are fresh and nice.

A GOOD many shade trees are being killed by borers this season, and some of our citizens are waging a vigorous warfare against them by following their track in the tree with a knife until the invader is overtaken and destroyed.

IN no previous year has there been more repairing of dwellings done in Decatur than will be done this year. Several have overhaulings of dwellings which have been mentioned already in these columns, and all will receive due attention as soon as operations may be commenced.

THE small per centage of young fruit that has been blighted on the trees thus far leaves them heavily laden, and up to this time trees, as a general thing, appear unusually fresh and vigorous, not showing the blight of leaves which sometimes occurs about this time in the year on account of insects preying upon them. Up to this time also trees are remarkably free from caterpillars, which often prey upon them with destructive effect.

THERE are now nine prisoners in the county jail which is a smaller number than has been in at the opening of a term of court for some time past. These are all awaiting the action of the grand jury, except Wamsley, who was tried at a previous term of court and sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. On application a new trial was granted, and he is now awaiting a second trial on a charge of practicing a confidence game.

FREELY CALDWELL has a span of matched ponies and a buggy to correspond, which makes a very fine turnout for himself and family. The animals seem to be both sprightly and gentle, being safe for lady drivers.

From Friday's Daily.

DIED.

At her late residence in Blue Mound township, on Thursday, May 9th, Mrs. HELEN O., wife of Amos Evans, and daughter of W. H. Williams, of this city.

The funeral took place this forenoon at Janes Chapel, Rev. T. D. Weems, of Philo, officiating. Deceased leaves a husband and one child to mourn her death. At the close of the services at the church the body was taken to Greenwood cemetery for interment.

Haworth's Check Rower.— Farmers who have Brown or Climax corn planters of the old style, and want check rowers on them can have them attached to and warranted to work all right by bringing the fore part of their planter to the factory, as our center-movement check rower gives entire satisfaction, when properly put on and adjusted.
May 6-d&wtf HAWORTH & SONS.

Bergmau's Zephyrs, the best and cheapest, at LINN & SCRUGGS'.
April 13-d&wtf

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scruggs'.
Jan 23-d&wtf

From Friday's Daily.

COUNTY LODGE OF GOOD TEMPLARS ORGANIZED.—Yesterday we called attention to the meeting of a delegate convention in this city, held for the purpose of organizing a county lodge of Good Templars, the convention being composed of delegates from the several local lodges in the county. J. H. Crocker, of Maroa, was chosen president of the convention, with the following staff: Worthy Vice Templar, Miss Lucy Irwin, and Miss M. L. Hendricks as secretary. It was voted to organize a county lodge, which was done by the choice of the following persons as officers:

W. C. T.—D. L. Bunn, of Decatur
W. V. T.—Ella Cassell, of Decatur.
W. S.—W. R. Kiser, Niantic.
W. F. S.—J. H. Crocker, Maroa.
W. T.—J. H. Pritchett, Niantic.
W. M.—G. S. Yates, Progressive Lodge.
W. G.—Mamie L. Hendricks, Decatur.
W. Sent.—C. L. Hill, Niantic.
W. Chap.—W. S. Crissey, Decatur.
W. A. S.—Lucy Irwin, Decatur.
W. D. M.—Miss L. Pettiss.
R. H. S.—Miss Rose Perry.
L. H. S.—Miss Nellie Hendricks
P. W. C. T.—T. Hines.

It was then voted that the regular meetings of the lodge be held on the second Thursday of June, and on the second Thursday of December of each year. The convention then adjourned.

TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.—The following paragraph from an exchange contains a heap of truth, and has illustrations in Decatur as well as elsewhere

It is remarkable how short a time it requires some new advocates of any particular doctrine, to assume the *role* of leaders, and endeavor to override older, smarter, and far more experienced persons than themselves. We say, it is wonderful how some people do advance—even upon the verge of pertinacity.

We may add to the above that reformatory movements are often rendered nugatory by the coming to the front of the reformed as leaders to the ignoring of life-long devotion to the same cause on the part of others. While men who are trying to rise from a life of dissipation should receive every encouragement, their lack of experience is a reason why they should not take the front rank as leaders.

STOCK SALE.—Messrs. Pickrell & Kissinger are to have their annual sale of fine stock at Harristown this year. The stock offered for sale will comprise short-horn cattle, Berkshire hogs and south-down sheep. The sale is to come off on Wednesday, May 29th, and should the weather be favorable, stock men from all parts of this state and from other states will doubtless be in attendance. We understand that the stock to be sold is of a high grade.

A PETITION.—Persons living in the north part of the city are discussing the matter of petitioning the council to afford them relief from the surplus water with which they are troubled, by opening a ditch westward to the ravine, which is crossed by the railroad in the west part of town. The people living north of the railroad have suffered for many years from flooded cellars, and they cannot be blamed for earnestly desiring relief. We presume that a petition of this sort would receive respectful attention from the city fathers.

MR. WILLIAM DODSON, baggage master at the depot and transfer mail agent between the depot and post office, has added a two-story wing to the east side of his dwelling, on East Eldorado street, and has also added a story to the height of the original building. The wing has a beautiful bay window in the ground story, and it makes a fine addition to the house. Messrs. Sollars and Hanks are doing the plastering, and are making a very neat job of the hard finish they are just putting on.

From Saturday's Daily.

MEETING OF PROHIBITIONISTS.— Last evening a meeting was held in the old reform club room over Stoner's drug store, composed of temperance people, who are in favor of a thorough organization of a prohibition party for the fall campaign. About forty persons were present, the object being to arrange for the holding of the prohibition convention which is to come off in this city on the 6th of June. After some general discussion a committee of five was appointed to report at a subsequent meeting. The following gentlemen constituted said committee: L. M. Andrews, S. G. Malone, J. W. Leforgee, Capt. W. E. Bingham and L. F. Muzzy.

On motion the meeting adjourned to Tuesday evening, May 14th.

THE HEIGHT OF THE RYE.—Mr Wm A Dennis, of this city, has brought to our office samples of wheat and rye grown on his farm near Mt. Zion. The rye is five feet ten inches high, and the wheat of corresponding size. Both samples are headed, and the rye is just ready to bloom. This is pretty good for the 9th of May.

To Bee-keepers.—I can furnish you good hives with movable frames, complete, for $1.00; extra nice ones for $1.50
E. A. GASTMAN,
may8-d&w2] Decatur, Ill.

Buckskin Cassimeres, the best and cheapest goods in the market for men and boys, at LINN & SCRUGGS.
Nov. 13—d&wtf

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

As Filed from April 15 to May 1, 1878.

(Furnished by Warren & Durfee, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.)

Feb. 28, '78; Isaac O. Eyman to Joseph Ash, warranty $3,240, 76 acres in the west half ne qr of sec. 8, and 5 acres in the ne qr of sec 31—all in town 16, range 1 east.

Feb. 26, '78; C. C. Crandall to Mary J. Jamison, warranty $500, sw qr se qr of sec. 2, town 18, range 3 east.

April 17, '78; Noah C. Hudson to Isaac Hudson, warranty $1500, 80 acres in the ne qr of sec. 28, town 16, range 4 east.

Mar. 25, '78; Albert H Sutton to Mrs. M. M. Sutton, warranty $250, lot 9, block 8, Forsyth.

April 17, '78; E. C. McFadden to Alex. J. Myers, quit claim $250, lots 2 and 4, block 2, George Shaffer's Add. to Forsyth.

Feb. 18, '78; Maria Carr to Emily Stanes, warranty $400, lot 5, block 8, R. J. Oglesby's addition.

April 17, '78; Thomas N Leavitt to E. J. Underhill, warranty $150, lot 33, Crocker's addition to Maroa.

April 13, '78; Joseph R. Likens to John E. Likens, warranty $250, und. ½ of the north half sw qr se qr of sec. 19, town 17, range 4 east.

Aug 9, '70; Augustus G. Richey to Hannah Freese, deed $2,500, lots 8 and 12, block 1, and part of lot 1, block 6, Read & Co.'s addition.

April 13, '78; Henry Schwab to Adelaide Schwab, warranty $400, lots 10 and 11, and ne half of lot 12, block 6, Blue Mound.

April 22, '78; Benj. F. Miller to James M. Stookey, warranty $378; 15 12-100 acres in the se qr of sec. 13, town 16, range 1 east.

April 20, '78; John Juffords to Maranda Hay, warranty $1500, nw qr ne qr of sec. 2, town 18, range 3 east.

Feb. 4, '78, Eliza and David Gahman to Sarah Bashore, warranty $900, 22 feet off of the north side of lot 8, and 26 feet off of the south side of lot 9, block 1, North addition.

Same, Eliza and David Gahman to Minnie A. Clark and Geo. W. Robbins, warranty $200, lot 6, block 1, North addition.

Same; Eliza and David Gahman to same, warranty $900, 54 feet off of the south side of lot 8, block 1, North addition.

March 6, '78; John R. Hight to John Wilson, warranty $1200, 60 acres in the ne qr of sec. 8, town 14, range 3 east.

April 25, '78; John O Reed to Jacob R. Price, warranty $4,280, 107 3-100 acres in sec. 32, town 16, range 2 east.

April 26, '78; Wm. D. Pope to Thos. J. Pope, warranty $200, west half ne qr sw qr of sec. 17, town 15, range 1 east.

April 13, '78; Jas. N. Odor to Alex. A. Smith, warranty $20.70, ne qr se qr of sec. 31, town 16, range 2 east, west of railroad.

April 27, '78; Wm. C. Slagle to Joseph Howsmon, warranty $8,000, se qr of sec. 4, town 16, range 1 east.

April 19, '78; E. House to Mary Baughman, warranty $6,800, 78½ acres in the nw qr of sec. 32, and south half ne qr of sec. 31, town 15, range 1 east.

April —, '78; Robert Bivans to John Scaggs, warranty $8,000, nw qr of sec. 26, town 15, range 1 east.

April 27, '78; John Scaggs to Robert Bivans, warranty $6,400, nw qr of sec. 11, town 14, range 3 east.

April 22, '78; Fannie M. Hilvety to Edward A. Jones, warranty $6,000, se qr of sec. 4, town 17, range 2 east (except 40 acres.)

April 29, '78; Emma L. and Hezekiah Whittier to David B. Metcalf, warranty $500, lot 1, block 1, Beggs' addition.

Jan. 21, '78; James W. Patton to Martin Link, warranty $40, lot 10, block 5, Harristown.

April 27, '78; The Savings Fund, Building & Loan Association to Chas. H. Bottenhorn, warranty $800, lot 2, of Hays' resurvey.

Nov. 22, '77; Margaret Kaufman to Hester A. Patterson, warranty $700; part of lot 5, Mt. Zion

April 18, '78; Michael D. Coffeen to Alva P. Coffeen, warranty $1,232, part of the nw qr of sec. 32, town 16, range 2 east.

April 30, '78; Joel R. Eby to Michael Eichinger, warranty $600, east half sw qr nw qr of sec. 20, town 17, range 4 east

Same; Michael Eichinger to Virginia E Eby, warranty $600, same.

LAST DAY OF SCHOOL.

PERU, May 10, 1877.

We had the pleasure of visiting the Peru school, about 7 miles southwest of town, taught by Mr. C. S. Haines. There we found him and scholars busily engaged in the work required to be done in the school-room. He was instructing a class in analysis, and they showed that they had received thorough instruction from him. His spelling classes were well trained in spelling. After spelling came dinner. After dinner Mr. Haines stated to the school that only the smaller classes would recite; after they recited Mr. Haines sang that beautiful song, "We Shall Meet on that Beautiful Shore."—Then came recitations of speeches, dialogues, songs and essays. After this was the reading of a short paper by Miss Ollie Hubbard, which was full of jokes and fun. Next was a speech by Mr. Haines, which was very instructive to the scholars. The last was a song by four characters, entitled "Good-by."

Scholars and teachers, you are doing a noble work—may you ever keep in that direction. Now I leave my best wishes with you all, and whatever comes of us in the future—whatever may be our fate hereafter—let me say this: Be sure you improve your time in school. D. J. P.

DEMOREST'S SUMMER PATTERNS.

Demorest's "What to Wear," 15 cents.
" Portfolio of Fashions, 15 cents.
Just received at LINN & SCRUGGS'.
May 10–d&wtf

The Patent Corset Comforts—Bortree's Adjustable, Foy's Supporter, Moody's Abdominal, Glove Fitting, Hundred Bones, together with the best and cheapest French Corsets in the city, at
Jan. 23–d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS'

Pianos and Organs for rent at C. B. Prescott's. feb26–d&wtf

For the Decatur REPUBLICAN.

THE CALLING BIRD.

The bird sits on the rosebush red,
Sings through the morning mild,
And wan lies on his little bed
The widow's dying child.

"Dear Mamma, hear the birdie sing,
Oh! bring me it to play."
"My child, it is a fearful thing
And sure to fly away."

"Mamma, why does the birdie quit,
And is it getting night?"
"Dear Willie, it is singing yet,
And day is very bright."

"Mamma, what makes the birdie go?
Don't let it fly away."
"Dear Willie, do not worry so,
Your little bird shall stay."

"Oh Mamma, see, 'tis coming near,
I hear it sing again."
"It loves you, but be quiet, dear,
Your talk gives Mamma pain."

"O Mamma, don't the birdie sing?
I cannot hear it more."
"Yes, Willie, it is twittering
As sweetly as before."

"Mamma, may Willie ask a word?"
"Yes, darling, more than one."
"Dear Mamma, will you love the bird
When little Willie's gone?"

The rosebush waveth sweet and red,
The bird and song are flown;
The mother weeps by Willie's bed,
But she is left alone

GERHARDT SCHICK.

Decatur, Ill., May 11th, 1878.

JEWELS OF THE CROWN OF SCOTLAND.

At Edinburg, Scotland, some years since, the Jewels of the Crown were locked in a box, that box in another, and so on, until they were supposed to be burglar proof. They were then locked up in the vault of the castle, there to remain for one hundred years, the keys being placed in a mortar and fired into the sea. Scarce fifty years passed by, and the modern lock-picker opens the vault and boxes without trouble. So the science of medicine, when studied with the aid of chemistry and the microscope, becomes plain and simple, and diseases that were regarded incurable a generation ago, now readily yield to remedies employed by the modern and progressive physican. A decade of years since, and women were taught to believe that their peculiar diseases and weaknesses were incurable; but now hundreds and thousands of once bed-ridden women in the United States will testify to the fact that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has effected their perfect and permanent cure.

TOLEDO, OHIO, Dec. 6th, 1876.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—About five years since my wife was taken sick, and though we employed the best physicians in our city, yet she gradually grew worse, so that she was confined to the bed. Every remedy I had tried, or could find, failed to cure or even give relief. At last I procured a bottle of your Favorite Prescription and to my surprise it gave almost instant relief, and with a little perseverance an entire cure was effected. Ever gratefully yours,
GEO. BODEN MILLER.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.—Capt. Goodman, of the Decatur Guards, is in receipt of a letter from Col. Barkley, of the Fifth Regiment, advising him that the Adjutant General of the State has decided to remove the battle-flags and other war relics from the State arsenal to the apartments in the new state house, prepared for them, and that the second brigade of I. N. G. had been invited to be present and perform escort duty on the occasion. The 5th regiment being in the second brigade, is of course included in the invitation, and as both of our Decatur military companies are attached to the Fifth, they are, of course, included. The day fixed for the removal of the relics is Thursday, May 23d, on which occasion a large number of war veterans are expected to be present. It is expected that the Guards will respond to the invitation and go down, and possibly the Grenadiers may do the same. It is also probable that reduced rates of fare may be obtained, so that any of our citizens who may desire to witness the ceremonies can do so at a comparatively small expense.

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

Many persons say, "I haven't got the Consumption," when asked to cure their cough with Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Do they not know that Coughs lead to Consumption and a remedy that will cure Consumption will certainly and surely cure a cough or any lung or throat trouble. We know it will cure when all others fail, and our faith in it is so positive that we will refund the price paid if you receive no benefit. Is not this a fair proposition? Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1 00 per bottle. For lame Chest, Back or Side, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 27–d&weot

Why will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Constipation and General Debility, when you can get at our store Shiloh's System Vitalizer, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure you. Price 10 cents and 75 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 27–d&weot

"HACKMETACK," a popular and fragrant perfume. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 27–deot

Wood.—Pratt has constantly on hand stove wood and four-feet wood, which he will deliver on short notice
April 16–d&w3m

The Next President.

Washington Correspondence Dubuque Times.

This question I have taken pains to examine into with some care, and therefore am badly "mixed" in it. Correspondents who lie around drunk all the time can give you nominees of both parties to-day, and no mistake; I can't on lemonade. Senator Thurman and his friends claim and believe that his nomination on the democratic ticket is made certain by his success in managing and passing the Pacific funding bill. There is some betting here, and they are giving odds in favor of the old senator. If we are to have a democratic president let it be Thurman. He is able, and respected for his ability by every senator. He is a model in debate, being surpassed by no one for courtesy and real manly bearing. There are strong influences at work for Governor Hendricks, and many of the sharpest of the democrats say he will be their nominee. Poor old Tilden is only spoken of as a useful creature of the past. He hangs in the democratic house as faded old portraits in ancient old baronial halls. The picture is fading, and the dust is gathering that will soon obscure the forgotten face.

Whom will the republicans nominate? Not the gladiator Blaine, for I *know* that he is not a candidate. There are wise fools here who do not hear of his giving a dinner party or keeling some democrat over in debate, but they raise the cry of "A move on the presidential chess-board!" Mr. Blaine has but one aim here, viz: to discharge his duties as a senator, and serve his country as a patriot, and no man is doing either more faithfully.

Will the Roman senator from New York be our nominee? He may, but is not a candidate. He can carry New York, and that fact, added to acknowledged fitness and uncompromising loyalty to the great principles that must be preserved, if the republic is to stand, may nominate him *nolens volens*.

Has the party any others to whom it can turn and find a worthy man? Yes. And there are many who are quietly talking it. Hon. Samuel F. Miller, of the supreme court, the head and front of American jurists, may become the nominee. He has the ability to sway the scepter of an empire. He possesses the virtues and firmness needed for the head of a great republic, and blends in his character the iron will of a Cromwell, the patriotism and the gentle character of Abraham Lincoln.

But, if the national republican convention were to be held this hour, the nominee would be U. S. Grant. In my judgment not one of the great men of our party will permit their names to go before the country or the convention, if Grant will consent to a renomination. Whether he will so consent or not is locked up with the silent soldier. Until he has spoken you can know but little more than I have given you concerning this question.

JUST WHAT THE DEMOCRATS FEAR

Cincinnati Gazette.

Let all the alleged frauds in connection with the last Presidential election be thoroughly and fairly investigated, and the result will show that Hayes was entitled to fifty more electoral votes than were counted for him. The Republican members of Congress will join the Democrats in favor of such an investigation. Let the facts come out, not only in reference to Louisiana and Florida, but Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, Indiana, Ohio, New York, and Connecticut also. The truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, is what is wanted.

Washington Post.

Mr. Blaine said to the unusually well-informed Washington correspondent of the *Graphic*: "The Democrats are getting suspicious about the Florida business, and are proceeding with unusual caution," and predicted the other day that they "would blunder so that the confessions would finally turn out an advantage to the Republicans." Of course this can only refer to the apparent hesitation and disinclination of Democratic Congressman to order an investigation. The issue is inevitable. Mr. Blaine is perfectly right. It would have been better for McLin never to have confessed at all, than for a Democratic House to leave the Republican challenge of an investigation unaccepted.

MR. EDISON, the inventor, is said to dislike eating, and to be very impatient of the time spent in that pleasant exercise. His friends say that when the frenzy of a new invention is upon him they are obliged to study his moods, and put food around on benches where he cannot help seeing it. "I hate this eating business," he is quoted as saying: "I always avoid it when I can." He is working on an extremely cheap and efficient electric motor especially designed to operate sewing machines and light machinery. He is perfecting the phonograph, and has been able to reproduce words spoken fifteen feet from the instrument. He has improved it so that words spoken into the instrument in the ordinary tone of voice by any person are perfectly recorded and can be reproduced.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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TELEGRAPHIC

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The proposed investigation into the alleged Presidential election frauds in Florida and Louisiana was sprung upon the House to-day by Representative Clarkson N. Potter, of New York. He arose and said that he desired to submit certain resolutions, as a question of privilege. The resolutions were then read for the information of the House, all points of order being reserved. The resolutions recite the action of the Maryland Legislature in calling for an investigation; refer to McLin's confession, and allege that the so-called frauds were perpetrated with the knowledge of ex-Governor Noyes, of Ohio, and that the frauds were perpetaated in Louisiana with the knowledge of Hon. John Sherman. The resolutions then say that these allegations ought to be inquired into, and to this end a select committee of eleven members shall be appointed to take testimony regarding the alleged fraudulent votes in Florida and Lousiana; to send for persons and papers, and to sit in those States during such investigation. The reading having been concluded, Messrs Conger, Hale and Garfield all made points of order against the resolutions being a question of privilege. The Speaker hear these members, although it was evident that his mind was made up, his decision having been previously prepared and ready to be read to the House as soon as the discussion over the point of order was ended.

Mr. Mills (Democrat), of Texas, made a short but strong speech against the resolutions. He declared that no sound reason existed why the resolutions should be considered a question of privilege. The Forty-fourth Congress alone had power to consider the question whether President Hayes was legally or properly elected, and any attempt to investigate this question by the present Congress is nothing short of a usurpation of power.

The speaker ruled that the preamble and resolutions were questions of highest privilege, and that Mr. Potter was entitled to offer them.

Mr. Conger appealed from this decision, and Mr. Potter moved to lay the appeal on the table.

By a vote of 128 to 108, the appeal was laid on the table. Butler was the only Republican voting with the Democrats.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—When the House was called to order this morning, not over one-half of the members were in their seats. The Democrats collected together in small knots and talked over the situation. When the journal of yesterday was read, the regular order was demanded. Mr. Potter endeavored to get the floor to urge the Republicans to vote and make up a quorum, but he was greeted with cries of "Regular order," from the Republican side. The vote then recurred on seconding the demand for the previous question on Potter's investigation resolution, and the Democrats passed between the tellers and were counted. The Republicans refused to vote, and thus left the House without a quorum. A call of the House was then ordered. The Democrats can do nothing to-day but adjourn.

The Democrats have again found themselves unable to cope with the Republicans. After two unsuccessful attempts to get a vote on Potter's resolution, the Democrats gave up the fight, and carried a motion to adjourn. The Repuclicans wanted to go ahead with other legislation, but this the Democrats would not consent to.—The motion to adjourn was carried by a vote of 130 to 104. Before the vote was announced, the Senate resolution that both branches of Congress attend the funeral of Professor Henry, on Thursday, was received. Immediately on the Speaker announcing the vote, the Clerk of the House announced that a Democratic caucus would be held at once in the Hall of the House. This statement was greeted with derisive laughter by the Republicans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—The superior parliamentary tactics of the Republicans so disconcerted the plans of the Democrats in the House to-day that they were compelled to adjourn. The caucus subsequently held, which lasted two hours, developed the fact that the party was not as united on the subject as was anticipated. The decision not to allow any amendments extending the investigation to other states will be rigidly adhered to, until a quorum, which now lacks seventeen, can be secured, which is expected by Friday. The action, in postponing the Senate resolution for final adjournment until the 20th, will enable the Democrats to ascertain whether the investigation will develop sufficient evidence to justify a continuation of the session. A prominent Democrat, who is familiar with the evidence now in hand, says that it will not require more than ten days to show all that they propose to prove, and that this will connect Secretary Sherman and Minister Slaughter in the Louisiana, and Ministers Noyes and Kasson in the Florida manipulations. From what occurred in caucus, it is evident that there are many Democrats who deprecate the whole business, and it was with great reluctance that they gave their assent to allow the investigation to go on. Several declare that they will not vote for the resolution at any rate. Among them are Mr. Mills, Mr. Buckner and Mr. Morse, but party discipline, it is claimed, will prevail, and on a test vote yesterday the Democrats gave 128 votes, which was seventeen short of a quorum. Their aggregate strength is 156, consequently with all present they have sufficient strength to pass the resolution and have votes to spare.

Buggy Harness, of the most nobby styles, and at the lowest prices. Call and see them. J. G. STARR & SON.

May 10—d&f

CINCINNATI, O., May 14—Cincinnati's third musical festival opened to-night, is a grand success. The occasion was one of unusual pride to every citizen, from the fact that it marked the formal opening of the new $300,000 Music Hall on the site of the old Exposition grounds, a gift from Reuben Springer, Esq., one of Cincinnati's millionaires. During the day the city has been thronged with strangers, many of them from a distance, who came to visit the great music feast. The hotels are crowded, and more are coming. Before 6 o'clock gatherings of well-dressed ladies and gentlemen were surging around the magnificent entrance of the beautiful hall, and when the doors were thrown open the auditorium filled rapidly. By the time the scenes from alceste, with which the programme begun, were taken up by the soloists, orchestra and chorus, every seat in the hall, numbering 5,000, was occupied, and full 2,000 were standing in the lobbies. None were allowed in the aisles, else 1,000 more could have been squeezed in. Seven o'clock was the hour announced for the opening, but it was fifteen minutes later before Theodore Thomas made his appearance upon the great stage before the chorus of 727 persons and orchestra of 100 musicians. His reception was rather cool and enthusiasm didn t brim over, probably because the audience was too much tinged with aristocracy. Every member of the grand chorus and orchestra was in his and her seat. Thomas immediately laid hands on his baton, and directed the beginning of Alceste. Before he had proceeded far confusion in the hall from the fresh influx of visitors annoyed Thomas. By a sweep of his artistic hands he crushed the chorus and orchetra, and brought both to a dead stop. When the noise was somewhat allayed the music again proceeded, only to be once more chopped off by the autocrat of the baton. Then the doors leading into the corridors were closed to late comers, and when silence once more came the concert proceeded without interruption and quite smoothly. Musically, the first concert was a success, without a flaw. The soloists were Mme. Pappenheimen, Miss Cranch, Mr. Chas. Adams, Miron Whitney, Signor Tagliapietra, Miss Heele, Mr. Fritsch, and a few others of local renown. Pappenheim was the star to-night, and made a decided hit. Misses Cranch and Heckle, both local singers, were warmly received. The festival ode, composed by Mr. Otto Singer, of Cincinnati, closed the first part of the concert, and it was in this that the great organ, the largest but two in the world, was introduced to the public. Its deep, eloquent music blended beautifully with that from the orchestra and chorus.

Then followed an intermission of half an hour, during which time the doors were thrown open into the corridors and refreshment rooms, and many of the audience went out to promenade and procure refreshments. A bugle note called them to their seats at the end of half an hour, after which the doors were again closed and the concert proceeded. The last half of the programme consisted of Beethoven's third symphony, which was composed for and dedicated to Napoleon Bonaparte when he established peace in France during the first Empire.

Fully five thousand people crowded around the hall during the singing, and stood in silence listening to the chorus and organ music. Seats in the hall are all sold for the remaining concerts, while standing room tickets are being rapidly demanded and bought up. The great night will be Friday, which will end the festival with the dramatic symphony of Romeo and Juliet, and to-morrow evening the whole concert will be taken up with Handel's oratorio of The Messiah. More tickets are already sold for this night than the hall could possibly accommodate. Some complaint is made that the managers are not careful in this matter.

CHICAGO, May 11.—General James Shields was tendered a reception and serenade at the Palmer House this evening. The 1st and 2d Regiments turned out in full strength. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the General decided not to address the soldiers and citizens from the hotel balcony, but proceeded to the Exposition building, where he reviewed the regiments. The galleries were jammed with enthusiastic citizens. The General complimented the men on their fine appearance and excellent discipline. On Monday night the General will lecture in the tabernacle.

RICHMOND, Va., May 14.—At the annual meeting of the American Bible Society it was stated that the society had turned out about about 2,000 copies per day for every working day of the sixty years of its existence. Books had been translated into eighty different languages. Last year there were over 5,500 Bible distributors in the country. Receipts were nearly $450,000. Copies of the Bible printed at the Bible House and abroad at the same time amounted to nearly 1,000,000 copies. Issued at home and abroad, 857,000; 11,236 copies for the blind were issued the past thirty-six years. Total issue by the society in sixty-two years, 34,864,315 copies. During the year nearly 200,000 copies of the Bible Society Record were circulated. The gratuitous work for the year amounted to $250,000. There was a steady demand for Scriptures in foreign lands.

The Best White Shirts in the city at one dollar, at Linn & Scruggs'.

Jan. 23-d&wtf

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Will you please give space to the following proceedings of the meeting held at the Reform Club room, on Tuesday evening, as your paper has a large circulation among temperance people in the county, and it is desirable that all such should take part in the coming convention. It will be seen by the spirit of the resolutions that as far as this county is concerned, all temperance men, irrespective of their views on the question of prohibition, are requested to be present and discuss the question.—Many good temperance people oppose making a direct issue upon the question at present, and wish only to influence old parties to nominate temperance men on their tickets. It is desirable to have a full expression on the issue now. Let all temperance men turn out. X.

To the Temperance People of Macon Co. and elsewhere:

WHEREAS, A State Executive Temperance Committee has issued a call for a State Temperance Convention, to meet at Decatur, June 6th, to be composed of delegates and masses who may assemble with them. Now, therefore,

Resolved, That the temperance people of Decatur cordially and earnestly invite the temperance people of the several precincts of Macon and other counties, to meet and appoint three judicious delegates each, to represent them in said convention; and further, we also invite the great temperance masses of this and other counties, to meet also, that we may have a grand mass convention of the temperance people. And whether those who come, delegates or masses, they are equally invited by the State convention call, and will be heartily welcomed by the temperance people of this city.

The committee formerly appointed made the following recommendations, which were adopted.

We further recommend that a committee of six be appointed to select delegates from this township to attend the State convention, and that said names be presented for confirmation at the Saturday night mass temperance meeting at the court house, on Saturday, May 25th, the announcement that this question would come up at that time being made on the Saturday night previous.

We further recommend, that this meeting appoint a committee of three, with instructions to obtain best rates of hotels and boarding houses for entertainment of guests, and to obtain special rates, if possible, from railroad companies; and to receive guests and otherwise adopt measures for the comfort of strangers who attend the Convention.

We further recommend that a finance committee of four ladies and two gentlemen be appointed to solicit funds for defraying the necessary expenses of said Convention.

A Tranquil Nervous System

Can never be possessed by those whose digestive and assimilative organs are in a state of chronic disorder. Weak stomachs make weak nerves. To restore vigor and quietude to the latter, the first must be invigorated and regulated. The ordinary sedatives may tranquilize the nerves for a while, but they can never, like Hostetter's Bitters, remove the causes of nervous debility. That superb invigorant and corrective of disordered conditions of the alimentary organs has also the effect of imparting tone to the nerves. The delicate tissues of which they are constituted, when weakened in consequence of impoverishment of the blood, resulting from imperfect digestion and assimilation, draw strength from the fund of vitality developed in the system by the Bitters, which imparts the required impetus to the nutritive functions of the stomach, enriches the circulation, and gives tone and regularity to the secretive and evacuative organs.

deod&w1w

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-office, at Decatur, Macon co., Illinois, May 15, 1878

Acorn Miss Jennie	Johnson J W
Bourne Miss Mollie	Loch C S
Chapman Jacob	Love Herman
Clark Eberle 2	Logan Nancy
Eager Susan Mrs	Miller Jennie
Finigan James	Marsh Mrs Thomas
Fields Miss Kate	McGuire Miss Nancy
Grady E	Oglesby Warren W
Hagan Dinish	Ramsdall Benjamin
Himther Miss Lynda	Rande Miss Minnie
Hite Miss Mattie	Webb J W
Jones Mrs Emma	

FOREIGN—Neumheimer, Geo.

R. P. LYTLE, P. M

"I DEEM IT MY DUTY

TO TELL THE WORLD" what "*Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*" has done for me. I had a violent cough, night sweats, sore throat, great weakness, with severe attacks of hemmorrhage; gave up all hope of recovery. I am now cured, a sound and hearty man. Edward H. Hamson, engineer at Sweeney's Pottery, 138 Ridge avenue, Philadelphia. Over twenty-five years have elapsed, and I still remain a healthy man. Any one troubled with a cough or cold, throat, breast, or lung affection, will avoid much suffering and risk by using "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry," an old and well-tried remedy. Trial bottles 25 cents, large bottles $1. Sold by leading druggists. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

April 26, 1878 -dlyeod

MARKET REPORT.

DECATUR, ILL., May 16, 1878

GRAIN MARKET.

FLOUR—White Wheat selling per hundred lbs	$2 75@3.00
FLOUR—Red wheat selling per hundred lbs.	2.75
CORN MEAL White selling	.50
" " —Yellow "	.45
SHORTS—Per hundred, selling	1.00
CORN	.25@.30
WHEAT	1.00@1.05

FARM PRODUCE.

POTATOES—Early Rose	.40
" —Peachblow	.45@.50
BUTTER—Per lb	.15
EGGS—Per dozen	.7
LARD—Selling	12½
SIDE-BACON—Selling	.10
HAMS—Selling	12½
CHICKENS—Per dozen.	1.75@2.25
TURKEYS—Dressed	.8@.10
ONIONS—Per bushel	.75
APPLES—Per bushel	1.25
TIMOTHY HAY—Per ton	7.00
FAT CATTLE—Per cwt.	3.50@4.00
HOGS—Per cwt.	3.00@3.75
WOOL—Fine, unwashed	.24@.25
" " washed	.32@.34
HIDES—Green	4½
" " damaged	⅔ price
" —Dry	8@.12½
SHEEP PELTS—Apiece	.50@75
TALLOW—Per pound	.5

VEGETINE

For Dropsy.

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I., Oct. 19, 1877

DR. H. R. STEVENS:—

It is a pleasure to give my testimony for your valuable medicine. I was sick for a long time with *Dropsy*, under the doctor's care. He said it was *Water* between the *Heart* and *Liver*. I received no benefit until I commenced taking the VEGETINE: in fact, I was growing worse. I have tried many remedies; they did not help me. VEGETINE is the medicine for *Dropsy*. I began to feel better after taking a few bottles. I have taken thirty bottles in all. I am perfectly well, never felt better. No one can feel more thankful than I do.

I am, dear sir, gratefully yours,
A. D. WHEELER.

VEGETINE.—When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

VEGETINE

For Kidney Complaint and Nervous Debility.

ISLESBORO, ME., Dec. 28, 1877.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I have had a *cough* for 18 years, when I commenced taking the **Vegetine.** I was very low; my system was debilitated by disease. I had the *Kidney Complaint*, and was very *nervous—cough* bad, *lungs* sore. When I had taken one bottle I found it was helping me; it has helped my cough, and it strengthens me. I am now able to do my work. Never have found anything like the **Vegetine.** I know it is everything it is recommended to be.

MRS. A. J. PENDLETON.

VEGETINE is nourishing and strengthening; purifies the blood; regulates the bowels; quiets the nervous system; acts directly upon the secretions; and arouses the whole system to action.

VEGETINE

For Sick Headache.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Jan. 1, 1878.

MR. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir, I have used your **Vegetine** for *Sick Headache*, and been greatly benefited thereby. I have every reason to believe it to be a good medicine.

MRS. JAMES CONNER,
111 Third street.

HEADACHE.—There are various causes for headache, as derangement of the circular system, of the digestive organs, of the nervous system, etc. **Vegetine** can be said to be a sure remedy for the many kinds of headache, as it acts directly upon the various causes of this complaint. Nervousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Biliousness, etc. Try the **Vegetine.** You will never regret it.

VEGETINE

Doctor's Report.

DR. CHAS. M. DUDDENHAUSEN, Apothecary, Evansville, Ind.

The doctor writes: I have a large number of good customers who take Vegetine. They all speak well of it. I know it is a good *medicine* for the complaints for which it is recommended.

Dec. 27, 1877.

Vegetine is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep.

VEGETINE.

Doctor's Report.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:

Dear Sir,—We have been selling your valuable **Vegetine** for three years, and we find that it gives perfect satisfaction. We believe it to be the best blood purifier now sold.

Very respectfully,
DR. J. E. BROWN & CO., *Druggists*,
Uniontown, Kentucky.

Vegetine has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists

May 2, 1878—w4w

WHEN Henry Ward Beecher learned of his sister Catherine's death he said: "For myself, I rejoice that she has gone, and that her death has been so sudden. She has been spared the pain of a long and lingering illness. I give to God great thanks for her life of usefulness and for her departure."

A **full** set of croquet for 90 cents at J. M. SOOKEY & Co's

apr 21 d4w.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Shorthorn Cattle, Berkshire Swine

And SOUTH DOWN SHEEP, at

Harristown, (Seven miles west of Decatur,) Illinois

WEDNESDAY, MAY 29th, 1878.

For Catalogues or any particulars, address PICKRELL & KISSINGER, Harristown, Ill., or Clarksville, Mo.

apr28-d&w-4w

HO FOR TEXAS!

Overmire & Kaufman

—ARE NOW—

AGENTS

FOR THE

Real Estate and Colonization Co.

OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Good land, located with perfect title, can be had for less than

40 CENTS PER ACRE.

Patent for land furnished signed by the Governor of the State.

Now is the Golden Moment to Invest

For circulars and full particulars, call on or write to

OVERMIRE & KAUFMAN,

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENTS

DECATUR, ILLS.

Jan. 15, 1877—wtf

From Saturday's Daily.

'CHEAP CHARLEY'

—THE—

POOR MAN'S FRIEND!

ONE PRICE ONLY.

No Misrepresentation.

JUST FOR ONCE

We have to break our rule not to advertise our prices; but the interest of the public obliges us to invite an inspection of our new stock of

Children's Suits!

Child's Pants only 50 cents.

MEN'S PANTS ONLY 50 CENTS.

Men's Cassimere Suits,

WARRANTED ALL WOOL, $8.00.

We are forced to publish those prices to demonstrate that we are always

15 to 20 per ct. Lower than Elsewhere

"CHEAP CHARLEY." THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.

☞ Remember we manufacture our own goods.

Kaufman & Bachrach.

May 10, 1877—d&wtf

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES!

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Lace Curtains,

CORSETS!

Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves;

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES,

Table Damasks, Napkins, and every description of Housekeeping Goods,

At the Popular Dry Goods House

—OF—

LINN & SCRUGGS

April 27, 1878 d&wtf

Just Received,

—AT—

S. EINSTEIN'S,

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS!

Which I will Sell for Cash Only,

At Lower Prices than ever offered before in this market. Call and examine my Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere—call, and I will convince you that I mean what I say.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET

Decatur, April, 11 1878—d&wtf

ELMIRA, N. Y., May 12.—Catherine E. Beecher, sister of Henry Ward Beecher, died at noon, to-day, at the residence of Rev. Thomas K. Beecher. The funeral will be held on Tuesday.

A **Fresh Invoice** of Black Silks of superior make, imported expressly for us, which will be sold at prices to suit the times. LINN & SCRUGGS.

March 14—dtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®